

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

PART A

APPROVED ¹[SUPERANNUATION FUND OR PENSION FUND]

[See section 2(6)]

1. For the purposes of this Part,-

Definitions

- (a) “employer”, “employee”, “contribution” and “salary” have, in relation to ²[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund], the same meanings assigned to those expressions in paragraph 1 of Part B in relation to provident fund; and
- (b) “ordinary annual contribution” means an annual contribution of a fixed amount or an annual contribution computed on some definite basis by reference to the earnings, the contributions or the number of members of the fund.

2. ³[(1) The Board shall, within six months from the date of receipt of the application by it for according approval to any ⁴[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund], accord such approval, failing which the ⁵[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund] shall be deemed to have been accorded approval and the Board may, if, in its opinion, the ⁶[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund] contravenes any of the conditions specified in paragraph 3, withdraw such approval at any time.]

Approval and withdrawal of approval

¹ The words “SUPERANNUATION FUND OR PENSION FUND” were substituted for the words “Superannuation Funds” by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

² The words “Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund” were substituted for the words “superannuation funds” by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

³ Sub-paragraph (1) was substituted by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৯ (১৯৯৯ সনের ১৬ নং আইন).

⁴ The words “Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund” were substituted for the words “superannuation Fund” by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

⁵ The words “Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund” were substituted for the words “superannuation Fund” by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

⁶ The words “Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund” were substituted for the words “superannuation Fund” by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

(2) The Board shall communicate in writing to the trustees of the fund the grant of approval with the date on which the approval is to take effect, and where the approval is granted subject to conditions, those conditions.

(3) The Board shall communicate in writing to the trustees of the fund any withdrawal of approval with the reasons for such withdrawal and the date on which the withdrawal is to take effect.

(4) The Board shall neither refuse nor withdraw approval to any ⁷[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund] or any part of a ⁸[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund] unless it has given the trustees of that fund a reasonable opportunity of being heard in the matter.

Conditions for approval

3. In order that a ⁹[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund] may receive and retain approval, it shall satisfy the conditions set out below and any other conditions which the Board may prescribe-

- (a) the fund shall be a fund established under an irrevocable trust in connection with a trade or undertaking carried on in Bangladesh;
- (b) the fund shall have for its sole purpose the provision of annuities for employees in the trade or undertaking on their retirement at or after a specified age or on their becoming incapacitated prior to such retirement, or for the widows, children or dependents of persons who are, or have been, such employees on the death of those persons;
- (c) the employer in the trade or undertaking shall be a contributor to the fund; and
- (d) all annuities, pensions and other benefits granted from the fund shall be payable only in Bangladesh:

⁷ The words “Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund” were substituted for the words “superannuation Fund” by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

⁸ The words “Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund” were substituted for the words “superannuation Fund” by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

⁹ The words “Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund” were substituted for the words “superannuation Fund” by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

Provided that the Board may, if it thinks fit and subject to such conditions, if any, as it thinks proper to attach to the approval, approve a fund or any part of a fund-

- (i) notwithstanding that the rules of the fund provide for the return in certain contingencies of contributions paid to the fund, or
- (ii) if the main purpose of the fund is the provision of such annuities as aforesaid, notwithstanding that such provision is not its sole purpose, or
- (iii) notwithstanding that the trade or undertaking, in connection with which the fund is established, is carried on only partly in Bangladesh.

4. (1) An application for approval of a ¹⁰[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund] or part of a ¹¹[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund] for any year of assessment shall be made in writing before the end of that year by the trustees of the fund to the ¹²[Board] and shall be accompanied by a copy of the instrument under which the fund is established and by two copies of the rules and of the accounts of the fund for the last year for which such accounts have been made up. The Board may require such further information to be supplied as it thinks proper.

Application for approval

(2) If any alteration in the rules, constitution, objects or conditions of the fund is made at any time after the date of the application for approval, the trustees of the fund shall forthwith communicate such alteration to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes, and in default of such communication, any approval given shall, unless the Board otherwise orders, be deemed to have been withdrawn from the date on which the alteration took effect.

¹⁰ The words "Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund" were substituted for the words "Superannuation Fund" by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

¹¹ The words "Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund" were substituted for the words "Superannuation Fund" by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

¹² The word "Board" was substituted for the words "Deputy Commissioner of Taxes by whom the employer is assessable" by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

Exemption of
income of and
contribution to
¹³[Superannuation
Fund or
Pension Fund]
from tax

5. (1) Income derived from investments or deposits of an approved ¹⁴[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund] and any capital gains arising from the transfer of capital assets of such fund shall be exempt from payment of tax.

(2) Any sum paid by an employer as contribution towards an approved ¹⁵[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund] shall be deducted in computing his income, profits and gains for the purpose of assessment:

Provided that where a contribution by an employer is not an ordinary annual contribution it shall, for the purpose of this paragraph, be treated either as an expense in the income year in which the sum is paid or as an expense to be spread over such period of years as the Board thinks proper.

(3) The tax shall not be payable in respect of any sum paid by an employee by way of contribution towards an approved ¹⁶[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund] to which the provisions relating to paragraph 6 of part B of the Sixth Schedule shall apply:

Provided that no such exemption shall be allowable to an employee in respect of any sum which is not an ordinary annual contribution.

Treatment of
repaid
contributions

6. (1) Where any contributions (including interest on contributions, if any) are repaid to an employee in any income year, the amount so repaid shall be deemed for the purposes of tax to be income of the employee for that year.

(2) Where any contributions (including interest on contributions, if any) are repaid to an employee during his life time but not at or in connection with the termination of his

¹³ The words "Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund" were substituted for the words "Superannuation Fund" by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

¹⁴ The words "Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund" were substituted for the words "Superannuation Fund" by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

¹⁵ The words "Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund" were substituted for the words "Superannuation Fund" by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

¹⁶ The words "Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund" were substituted for the words "Superannuation Fund" by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

employment, tax on the amount so repaid or paid shall, except in the case of an employee whose employment was carried on abroad, be deducted by the trustees of the fund at the average rate of tax at which the employee was liable to tax during the preceding three years or during such period, if less than three years, as he was a member of the fund, and shall be paid by the trustees to the credit of the Government within the prescribed time and in such manner as the Board may direct.

7. Where an employer deducts from the salary paid to an employee or pays on his behalf any contribution to an approved ¹⁷[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund], he shall include all such deductions or payments in the statement which he is required to furnish under section 108.

Deduction from pay of and contributions on behalf of employee to be included in the statement under section 108

8. If a fund or a part of a fund, for any reason, ceases to be an approved ¹⁸[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund], the trustees of the fund shall nevertheless remain liable to account for tax on any sum paid-

Liabilities of trustees on cessation of approval of fund

- (a) on account of returned contributions (including interest on contributions, if any); and
- (b) in commutation or in lieu of annuities;

in so far as the sum so paid is in respect of contributions made before the fund or part of the fund ceased to be an approved fund under the provisions of this Part.

9. The trustees of an approved ¹⁹[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund] and any employer who contributes to an approved ²⁰[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund] shall, when required by notice from the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes,

Particulars to be furnished in respect of ²¹[Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund]

¹⁷ The words "Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund" were substituted for the words "Superannuation Fund" by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

¹⁸ The words "Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund" were substituted for the words "Superannuation Fund" by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

¹⁹ The words "Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund" were substituted for the words "Superannuation Fund" by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

²⁰ The words "Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund" were substituted for the words "Superannuation Fund" by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

²¹ The words "Superannuation Fund or Pension Fund" were substituted for the words "Superannuation Fund" by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

within twenty-one days of the date of such notice,-

- (a) furnish to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes a return containing such particulars of contributions made to the fund as the notice may require;
- (b) prepare and deliver to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes a return containing-
 - (i) the name and place of residence of every person in receipt of an annuity from the fund;
 - (ii) the amount of the annuity payable to each annuitant;
 - (iii) particulars of every contribution (including interest on contribution, if any) returned to the employer or to employees; and
 - (iv) particulars of sums paid in commutation or in lieu of annuities; and
- (c) furnish to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes a copy of the accounts of the fund to the last date prior to such notice to which such accounts have been made up, together with such other information and particulars as the Board may require.

PART B

RECOGNISED PROVIDENT FUNDS

[*see* section 2(52)]

Definitions

1. For the purposes of this Part,-

- (a) “accumulated balance due” to an employee means the balance to his credit, or such portion thereof as may be claimable by him under the regulations of the fund, on the day he ceases to be an employee of the employer maintaining the fund;
- (b) “annual accretion” to the balance to the credit of an employee means the increase to such balance in any year, arising from contributions and interest;
- (c) “balance to the credit” of an employee means the total amount to the credit of his individual account in a provident fund at any time;

- (d) “contribution” means any sum credited by or on behalf of any employee out of his salary, or by an employer out of his own moneys to the individual account of an employee, but does not include any sum credited as interest;
- (e) “employee” means an employee participating in a provident fund, but does not include a personal or domestic servant;
- (f) “employer” means-
- ²²(i) a company, ²³[local authority,] firm, other association of persons, a Hindu undivided family or an individual engaged in a business or profession the profits and gains whereof are assessable to tax under the head “Income from business or profession”, maintaining a provident fund for the benefit of his or its employees; or]
- ²⁴(ii) any diplomatic, consular or trade mission or office of any inter-Governmental organisation located in Bangladesh, maintaining a provident fund for the benefit of Bangladesh, employees of such mission or office.]
- (g) “recognised provident fund” means a provident fund which has been and continues to be recognised by the Commissioner, in accordance with the provisions of this part;
- (h) “regulations of a fund” means the special body of regulations governing the constitution and administration of a particular provident fund; and
- (i) “salary” includes dearness allowance if the terms of employment so provides, but excludes all other allowance and perquisites.

²² Sub-clause (i) was substituted for the sub-clauses (i) and (ii) by section 4 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৬ (১৯৯৬ সনের ১৮ নং আইন).

²³ The words and symbol “local authority,” were inserted after the words and symbol “a company,” by section 50 of অর্থ আইন, ২০২০ (২০২০ সনের ৯ নং আইন)।

²⁴ Existing sub-clause (iii) was renumbered as sub-clause (ii) by section 4 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৬ (১৯৯৬ সনের ১৮ নং আইন), which was added by section 8 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৮৭ (১৯৮৭ সনের ২৭ নং আইন).

Accordinging and withdrawal of recognition of provident funds

2.²⁵[(1) The Commissioner shall, within ²⁶[fourty five days] from the date of receipt of the application by him for according recognition to any provident fund, accord such recognition, failing which the provident fund shall be deemed to have been accorded recognition, and the Commissioner may, if, in his opinion, the provident fund contravenes any of the conditions specified in paragraph 3 and the rules made by the Board in that behalf, withdraw such recognition at any time.]

(2) An order according recognition shall take effect on such date as the Commissioner may fix in accordance with any rules the Board may make in this behalf, such date not being later than the last day of the financial year in which the order is made.

(3) An order according recognition to a provident fund shall not, unless the Commissioner otherwise directs, be affected by the fact that the fund is subsequently amalgamated with another provident fund on the occurrence of an amalgamation of the undertaking in connections with which the two funds are maintained or that it subsequently absorbs the whole or a part of another provident fund belonging to an undertaking which is wholly or in part transferred to or merged in the undertaking of the employer maintaining the first mentioned fund.

(4) An order withdrawing recognition shall take effect from the day on which it is made.

(5) The Commissioner shall neither refuse nor withdraw recognition of any Provident fund, unless the applicant is given a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

Conditions to be satisfied by a recognised provident fund

3. In order that a provident fund may receive and retain recognition, it shall satisfy the conditions set out below and any other conditions which the Board may prescribe-

- (a) all employees shall be employed in Bangladesh or shall be employed by an employer whose principal place of business is in Bangladesh:

²⁵ Sub-paragraph (1) was substituted by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৫ (১৯৯৫ সনের ১২ নং আইন).

²⁶ The words "forty five days" were substituted for the words "thirty days" by section 37 of the Finance Act, 2009 (Act. No. X of 2008)(with effect from 1st July, 2008).

Provided that the Commissioner may, if he thinks fit and subject to such conditions, if any, as he thinks proper to attach to the recognition, accord recognition to a fund maintained by an employer whose principal place of business is not in Bangladesh notwithstanding that a proportion not exceeding ten *per cent* of the employees is employed outside Bangladesh;

- (b) the contributions of an employee in any year shall be a definite proportion of his salary for that year, and shall be deducted by the employer from the employee's salary in that proportion at each periodical payments of such salary in that year and credited to the employee's individual account in the fund;
- (c) the contributions of an employer to the individual account of an employee in any year shall not exceed the amount of the contributions of the employee in that year, and shall be credited to the employee's individual account at intervals not exceeding one year:

Provided that, subject to any rules which the Board may make in this behalf, the Commissioner may, in respect of any particular fund, relax the provisions of this clause-

- (i) so as to permit the payment of larger contributions by an employer to the individual accounts of employees whose salaries do not, in each case, exceed five hundred taka *per mensem*; and
 - (ii) so as to permit the crediting by employers to the individual accounts of employees of periodical bonuses or other contributions of a contingent nature, where the calculation and payment of such bonuses or other contributions is provided for on definite principles by the regulations of the fund;
- (d) the fund shall consist of contributions as above specified and of donations, if any, received by the trustees, of accumulations thereof, and of interest, credited in respect of such contributions, donations and accumulations, and of securities purchased therewith and of any capital gains arising from the sale, exchange or transfer of capital assets of the fund, and of no other sums;

- (e) the fund shall be vested in two or more trustees or in the official trustee under a trust which shall not be revocable save with the consent of all the beneficiaries;
- (f) the employer shall not be entitled to recover any sum whatsoever from the fund, save in cases where the employee is dismissed for misconduct or voluntarily leaves his employment otherwise than on account of ill health or other unavoidable cause before the expiration of the term of service specified in this behalf in the regulations of the fund:

Provided that in such cases the recoveries made by the employer shall be limited to the contributions made by him to the individual account of the employee, and to interest credited in respect of such contributions and accumulations thereof, in accordance with the regulations of the fund;

- (g) the accumulated balance due to an employee shall be payable on the day he ceases to be an employee of the employer maintaining the fund;
- (h) save as provided in clause (g), or in accordance with such conditions and restrictions as the Board may prescribe, no portion of the balance to the credit of an employee shall be payable to him.

Annual accretion deemed to be income received by the employee

4. The annual accretion in any year to the balance at the credit of an employee participating in a recognised provident fund shall be deemed to have been received by him in that year and shall be included in his total income for that year, and, subject to the exemptions specified in paragraph 5 shall be liable to tax ²⁷[.

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Exemption of annual accretion from tax

5. (1) An employee shall not be liable to pay tax on contribution to his individual account in a recognised provident fund, in so far as the aggregate of such contributions in any year does not exceed one-third of his salary for that year.

²⁷ The full-stop (.) was substituted for the colon (:), and the proviso was omitted by section 48 of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৭ (২০১৭ সনের ১৪ নং আইন) (With effect from 1st July 2017).

(2) Interest credited on the accumulated balance of any employee in a recognised provident fund shall be exempt from payment of tax, if and in so far as it does not exceed one-third of the salary of the employee for the year concerned and in so far as it is allowed at a rate not exceeding such rate as the Board may, by notification in the *official Gazette*, fix in this behalf.

6. Where an employee participating in a recognised provident fund has rendered continuous service with his employer for a period of not less than five years, and the accumulated balance due to him becomes payable, such accumulated balance shall be exempt from payment of tax and shall be excluded from the computation of his total income:

Exemption of accumulated balance from tax

Provided that the Commissioner may allow such exemption and exclusion where the employee has rendered continuous service with the employer for a period of less than five years, if in his opinion, the service has been terminated by reason of the employee's ill health, or by the contraction or discontinuance of the employer's business, or other cause beyond the control of the employee.

7. Where exemption from payment of tax is not allowed under paragraph 6, the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes shall calculate the total of the various sums of tax which would have been payable by the employee in respect of his total income for each of the years concerned if the fund had not been a recognised provident fund, and the amount by which such total exceeds the total of all sums paid by or on behalf of such employee by way of tax for such years shall be payable by the employee in addition to any tax for which he may be liable for the income year in which the accumulated balance due to him becomes payable.

Tax on accumulated balance

8. The trustees of a recognised provident fund, or any other person authorised by the regulations of the fund to make payment of accumulated balance due to employees shall, at the time an accumulated balance due to an employee is paid, deduct therefrom any tax payable under paragraph 7 and any tax payable under paragraph 10(4), and the provisions of Chapter VII shall, so far as may be, apply as if the accumulated balance was income chargeable under the head "Salaries".

Deduction at source of tax on accumulated balance due

The Income-tax Ordinance, 1984

Accounts of
recognised
provident funds

9. (1) The accounts of a recognised provident fund shall be maintained by the trustees of the fund and shall be in such form and for such periods and shall contain such particulars as the Board may prescribe.

(2) The accounts shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by the income tax authorities, and the trustees shall furnish to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes such abstracts thereof as the Board may prescribe.

Treatment of
balance in
newly
recognised
provident funds

10. (1) Where recognition is accorded to a provident fund with existing balance, an account shall be made of the fund up to the day immediately preceding the day on which the recognition takes effect, showing the balance to the credit of each employee on such day, and containing such further particulars as the Board may prescribe.

(2) The account shall also show in respect of the balance to the credit of each employee the amount thereof which is to be transferred to that employee's account in the recognised provident fund, and such amount (hereinafter called his transferred balance), shall be shown as the balance to his credit in the recognised provident fund on the date on which the recognition of the fund takes effect, and sub-paragraphs (4) and (5) shall apply thereto.

(3) Any portion of the balance to the credit of an employee in the existing fund which is not transferred to the recognised fund shall be excluded from the accounts of the recognised fund and shall be liable to tax in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance other than this Part.

(4) Subject to such rules as the Board may make in this behalf, the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes shall make a calculation of the aggregate of all sums comprised in a transferred balance which would have been liable to tax if this Part had been in force, from the date of the institution of the fund, without regard to any tax which may have been paid on any such sum, and such aggregate, if any, shall be deemed to be income received by the employee in the income year in which the recognition of the fund takes effect, and shall be included in the employee's total income for that income year, and for the purposes of assessment,

the remainder of the transferred balance shall be dis-regarded, but no other exemption or relief, by way of refund or otherwise, shall be granted in respect of any sum comprised in such transferred balance:

Provided that, in cases of serious accounting difficulty, the Commissioner shall have power, subject to the said rules, to make a summary calculation of such aggregate.

(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in paragraph 3(h), an employee in order to enable him to pay the amount of tax assessed on his total income as determined under sub-paragraph (4), shall be entitled to withdraw from the balance to his credit in the recognised provident fund a sum not exceeding the difference between such amount and the amount to which he would have been assessed if the transferred balance had not been included in his total income.

(6) Nothing in this paragraph shall affect the rights of the persons administering an unrecognised provident fund or dealing with it, or with the balance to the credit of any individual employee, before recognition is accorded, in any manner which may be lawful.

11. (1) Where an employer who maintains a provident fund (whether recognised or not) for the benefit of his employees and has not transferred the fund or any portion of it, transfers such fund or portion to trustees in trust for the employees participating in the fund, the amount so transferred shall be deemed to be of the nature of capital expenditure.

Treatment of fund transferred by employer to trustee

(2) When an employee participating in such fund is paid the accumulated balance due to him therefrom, any portion of such balance as represents his share in the amount so transferred to the trustee (without addition of interest, and exclusive of the employee's contributions and interest thereon) shall, if the employer has made effective arrangement to secure that tax shall be deducted at source from the amount of such share when paid to the employee, be deemed to be an expenditure by the employer within the meaning of section 29(1) (xxvii), incurred in the income year in which the accumulated balance due to the employee is paid.

The Income-tax Ordinance, 1984

Provisions of this Part to prevail against regulations of the fund

12. Where there is a repugnance between any regulation of a recognised provident fund and any provisions of this Part or of the rules made thereunder, the regulation shall, to the extent of the repugnance, be of no effect; and the Commissioner may at any time, require that such repugnance shall be removed from the regulations of the fund.

Appeals

13. (1) An employer objecting to an order of the Commissioner refusing to recognise or an order withdrawing recognition from a provident fund may prefer an appeal, within sixty days of the date of such order, to the Board.

(2) The appeal shall be in such form and shall be verified in such manner as may be prescribed.

Provisions relating to rules

14. In addition to any power conferred by this Part, the Board may make rules-

- (a) prescribing the statements and other information to be submitted with an application for recognition;
- (b) limiting the contributions to a recognised provident fund by employees of a company who are shareholders in the company;
- (c) providing for the assessment by way of penalty of any consideration received by an employee for an assignment of or creation of a charge upon his beneficial interest in a recognised provident fund;
- (d) determining the extent to and the manner in which exemption from payment of tax may be granted in respect of contributions and interest credited to the individual accounts of employees in a provident fund from which recognition has been withdrawn;
- (e) regulating the investment or deposit of the moneys of a recognised provident fund; and
- (f) generally, to carry out the purposes of this Part, and to secure such further control over the recognition of provident funds, and the administration of recognised provident fund as it may deem requisite.

Application of this Part

15. This Part shall not apply to any provident fund to which the Provident Fund Act, 1925 (XIX of 1925), applies.

²⁸[PART C

APPROVED GRATUITY FUNDS
[See section 2(5A)]

1. In this Part, unless the context otherwise requires, the expression “contribution”, “employee”, “employer”, “regulations of a fund” and “salary” have, in relation to gratuity funds, the meaning assigned to those expressions in paragraph 1 of Part B in relation to provident funds. Definitions

2. ²⁹[(1) The Board shall, within ³⁰[four months] from the date of receipt of the application by it for according approval to any gratuity fund, accord such approval, failing which the gratuity fund shall be deemed to have been accorded approval, and the Board may, if, in its opinion, the gratuity fund contravenes any of the conditions specified in paragraph 3 and the rules made by the Board in that behalf, withdraw such recognition at any time.] Approval of gratuity funds

(2) An order according or withdrawing approval shall take effect from such date as the Board may communicate in writing to trustees of the fund.

(3) The Board shall neither refuse nor withdraw approval to any gratuity fund unless it has given the trustees of that fund a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

3. In order that a gratuity fund may receive and retain approval, it shall satisfy the conditions hereinafter specified and any other conditions which the Board may prescribe- Conditions for approval

- (a) the fund shall be a fund established under an irrevocable trust in connection with trade or undertaking carried on in Bangladesh and not less than ninety *per cent* of the employees of such trade or undertaking shall be employed in Bangladesh;

²⁸ Part C was added by section 7 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৩ (১৯৯৩ সনের ১৮ নং আইন).

²⁹ Sub-paragraph (1) was substituted by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৯ (১৯৯৯ সনের ১৬ নং আইন).

³⁰ The words “four months” were substituted for the words “three months” by section 40 of the Finance Act, 2009 (Act No. XXXVI of 2009) (with effect from 1st July 2009).

- (b) the fund shall have for its sole purpose the provision of a gratuity to employees in the trade or undertaking on their retirement at or after a specified age or on their becoming incapacitated prior to such retirement, or on termination of their employment after a minimum period of service specified in the regulations of the fund or to the widows, children or dependents of such employees on their death;
- (c) the employer in the trade or undertaking shall be a contributor to the fund; and
- (d) all benefits granted by the fund shall be payable only in Bangladesh.

Application for approval

4. (1) An application for approval of gratuity fund shall be made in writing by the trustees of the fund to the ³¹[Board] and shall be accompanied by a copy of the instrument under which the fund is established and by two copies of the rules and, where the fund has been in existence during any year or years prior to the financial year in which the application for approval is made, also two copies of the accounts of the fund relating to such prior year or years (not being more than three years immediately preceding the year in which the said application is made) for which such accounts have been made up. The Board may require such further information to be supplied as it thinks proper.

(2) If any alteration in the regulations, constitution, objects or conditions of the fund is made at any time after the date of the application for approval, the trustees of the fund shall forthwith communicate such alteration to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) and in default of such communication, any approval given shall, unless the Board otherwise orders, be deemed to have been withdrawn from the date on which the alteration took effect.

Exemption of income of gratuity fund from tax

5. Income derived from investments or deposits of an approved gratuity fund and any capital gains arising from the transfer of capital assets of such fund shall be exempt from payment of tax.

³¹ The word "Board" was substituted for the words "Deputy Commissioner of Taxes by whom the employer is assessable" by section 80 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

- 6.** Any sum paid by an employer as contribution towards an approved gratuity fund shall be deducted in computing his income, profits and gains for the purpose of assessment. Treatment of contribution by employer
- 7.** Where any contributions by an employer (including the interest thereon, if any) are repaid to the employer, the amount so repaid shall be deemed for the purposes of tax to be the income of the employer for the income year in which they are so repaid. Contributions by employer, when deemed to be his income
- 8.** The trustees of an approved gratuity fund and any employer who contributes to an approved gratuity fund shall, when required by notice from the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes, furnish, within such period as may be specified in the notice, such return, statement, particulars or information as the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes may require. Particulars to be furnished in respect of gratuity funds
- 9.** Where there is a repugnance between any regulation of an approved gratuity fund and any provision of this Part or of the rules made thereunder, the said regulation shall, to the extent of repugnance, be of no effect and the Board may, at any time, require that such repugnance shall be removed from the regulations of the fund. Provisions of this Part to prevail against regulations of the fund
- 10.** In addition to any power conferred in this Part, the Board may make rules- Provisions relating to rules
- (a) prescribing the statements and other information to be submitted along with an application for approval;
 - (b) limiting the ordinary annual and other contributions of an employer to the fund;
 - (c) regulating the investment or deposit of the moneys of an approved gratuity fund;
 - (d) providing for withdrawal of the approval in the case of a fund which ceases to satisfy the requirements of this Part or the rules made thereunder; and
 - (e) generally, to carry out the purposes of this Part and to secure such further control over the approval of gratuity funds and the administration of gratuity funds as it may deem requisite.]

THE SECOND SCHEDULE

RATES OF INCOME TAX IN CERTAIN SPECIAL CASES

[See section 16(3)]

1. Where a person, not being a company, is a non-resident in Bangladesh ³²[except a Bangladeshi non-resident], tax shall be payable by him or on his behalf, on his total income, at the maximum rate.

³³2. Where the total income of an assessee includes any income chargeable under the head “Capital gains” (hereinafter referred to as the “said income”), the tax payable by him on his total income shall be-

(a) in the case of a company-

- (i) tax payable on the total income as reduced by the said income had such reduced income been the total income; plus
- (ii) tax at the rate of fifteen *per cent* on the whole amount of the said income;

(b) in the case of a person other than a company-

- (i) where the said income arises as a result of disposal by the assessee of his capital assets after not more than five years from the date of their acquisition by him, tax payable on the total income including the said income; and
- (ii) where the said income arises as a result of disposal by the assessee of his capital assets after five years from the date of their acquisition by him, tax payable on the capital gains at the rate applicable to his total income including the said capital gains, or tax at the rate of fifteen *per cent* on the amount of the capital gains whichever is the lower.]

³² The words “except a Bangladeshi non-resident” were inserted by section 5 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৭ (১৯৯৭ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

³³ Paragraph (2) was substituted by section 68 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০২ (২০০২ সনের ১৪ নং আইন).

³⁴[3. Where the total income of an assessee includes any income from “winnings” referred to in section 19(13) chargeable under the head “Income from other sources” (hereinafter referred to as the “said income”), the tax payable by him on the said income shall be at the rate ³⁵[of twenty per cent].]

THE THIRD SCHEDULE

³⁶[COMPUTATION OF DEPRECIATION ALLOWANCE AND
AMORTIZATION]

[See sections 27 and 29]

1. For the purpose of section 27((1)(f), depreciation allowance at the rates specified in the Table below shall be made in respect of depreciation of any irrigation or protective work or other capital assets:

Depreciation allowance on assets used for agricultural purposes

³⁷[TABLE

³⁴ Paragraph (3) was substituted by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৪ (১৯৯৪ সনের ১১ নং আইন).

³⁵ The words “of twenty per cent” were substituted for the words and comma “applicable to his total income including the said income or at the rate of twenty per cent, whichever is the lower” by section 49 of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৯ (২০১৯ সনের ১০ নং আইন).

³⁶ The title “COMPUTATION OF DEPRECIATION ALLOWANCE AND AMORTIZATION” were substituted for the title “COMPUTATION OF DEPRECIATION ALLOWANCE” by section 33(a) of the Finance Act, 2013 (Act No. XXV of 2013) (with effect from 1st July, 2013).

³⁷ TABLE was substituted by section 8 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৮৭ (১৯৮৭ সনের ২৭ নং আইন).

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Serial No.	Classification of irrigation or protective work or other capital assets.	Rate/percentage of the written down value, except as otherwise indicated.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4
1.	<i>Pucca</i> buildings ..	10	
2.	<i>Kutch</i> a and <i>pucca</i> buildings ..	15	
3.	<i>kutch</i> a buildings ..	20	
4.	Temporary structure	No rate is specified renewal will be allowed as revenue expenditure.
5.	<i>Pucca</i> walls ..	5	
6.	Fencing of substantial material ..	10	
7.	Tube-well ..	15	
8.	Tanks ..	10	
9.	<i>Pucca</i> irrigation channel ..	15	
10.	<i>Kutch</i> a irrigation channel ..	20	
11.	<i>Kutch</i> a irrigation wells ..	33 ¹ / ₃	
12.	<i>Pucca</i> irrigation wells ..	5	
13.	Bullock drawn iron implements .	15	
14.	Bullock drawn wooden or leather implements and other small hand/	25	

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	implements ..	
15.	Weighing machine ..	10
16.	Tractors and oil engines and thin implements ..	15
17.	Power pumping machinery ..	20
18.	Factory made cart of iron material with rubber-tyre. ..	15
19.	Country cart ..	20
20.	Steam engine ..	10
21.	Workshop tools ..	15
22.	General (machinery, implements plants and other assets) not provided for above specifically..	10.]

2. (1) In computing the profits and gains from business or profession, an allowance for depreciation shall be made in the manner hereinafter provided in respect of any building, machinery, plant or furniture owned by an assessee³⁸[or bridge or road or fly over of a physical infrastructure undertaking]and used for the purposes or business or profession carried on by him.

Allowance for depreciation

(2) Where any such building, machinery, plant or furniture³⁹[or bridge or road or fly over of a physical infrastructure undertaking] is not wholly used for the purposes of the business or profession, the allowance under sub-paragraph(1) shall be restricted to the fair proportional part of the amount which would be admissible if such building, machinery, plant or furniture were wholly so used.

(3) No allowance under this paragraph shall be made unless-

- (a) at the time of filing a return of total income such particulars as may be prescribed and such further information or documents as the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes may require, are furnished; and
- (b) such building, machinery, plant or furniture⁴⁰[or bridge or road or fly over of a physical infrastructure undertaking] has been so used during the income year.

3. (1) The allowance for normal depreciation under paragraph 2 shall be computed at the rates specified in the table below:

Normal depreciation allowance

³⁸ The words “or bridge or road or fly over of a physical infrastructure ndertaking”were inserted after the words “plant or furniture owned by an assessee” by section 67 of the Finance Act,2010(Act No.XXXIII of 2010).

³⁹ The words “or bridge or road or fly over of a physical infrastructure ndertaking”were inserted after the words “plant or furniture” by section 67 of the Finance Act,2010(Act No.XXXIII of 2010).

⁴⁰ The words “or bridge or road or fly over of a physical infrastructure undertaking” were inserted after the words “plant or furniture” by section 67 of the Finance Act,2010(Act No.XXXIII of 2010).

⁴¹[TABLE

Sl. No.	Class of assets	Rate/percentage of the written down value, except as otherwise indicated.	Remarks
1	2	3	4
⁴² [1	(1) Buildings (general)	5	
	(2) Factory buildings	10]	
2	Furniture and fittings	10	
	Machinery and plant:		
	(1) General rate	18	
	(2) Special rates-		
	(a) ships:		
⁴³ [2A	Office equipment -----10]		

⁴¹ Subs by এস., আর., ও. নং ১৮০ আইন/ ৯৮

⁴² Column 2 and 3 were substituted by section 31 of অর্থ আইন, ২০২১ (২০২১ সনের ১১ নং আইন)।

⁴³ Serial number 2A was inserted by section 54(a)(i) of the Finance Act, 2014 (Act No. iv of 2014).

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1	2	4
	(i) Ocean-going ships (new)	12
	(ii) Ocean-going ships (second hand), age at the time of purchase-	The allowance is to be calculated on the original cost.
	(a) less than 10 years	12
	(b) 10 years or more	24
	(iii) Inland ships including steamers, motor vessels, sails, tug-boats, iron or steel flats for cargo, wooden cargo-boats, motor launches and speed boats.	24
	(b) (i) Batteries, X-Ray and electrotherapeutic apparatus and accessories thereto;	20
	(ii) Machinery used in the production and exhibition of cinematographic films;	20
	(iii) Motor vehicles all sorts not playing for hire;	20
	(iv) Motor vehicles all sorts playing for hire;	
	⁴⁴ [(v) computer and computer equipments	30]
	⁴⁵ [(vi) Bangladeshi made computer software	50]
	⁴⁶ [(vii) imported computer	10]

⁴⁴ The “entry (v)” was inserted by section 38 of the Finance Act,2009(Act No.X of 2009)(with effect from 1st July 2008).

⁴⁵ Sub-clause (vi) was added by section 41 of the Finance Act,2009(Act No.XXXVI of 2009)(with effect from 1st July 2009).

⁴⁶[(vii) imported computer 10]

software

(c) (i)	Professional and reference books;	30
(ii)	Aircraft, aero-engines and aerial photographic apparatus;	30
(d)	Mineral oil concerns-	
(i)	Below ground installations	100
(ii)	Above ground installations that is to say, portable boilers, drilling tools, well-head tanks and rigs.	30

⁴⁷[(e) physical infrastructure-

(i)	Bridge -----	2
(ii)	Road -----	2
(iii)	Fly over -----	2
(iv)	Pavement runway, taxiway	2.5
(v)	Apron, termac	2.5
(vi)	Boarding bridge	10
(vii)	Communication, Navigation aid and other equipments	5.]

⁴⁶ The entry (vii) was inserted by section 63(a) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৫ (২০১৫ সনের ১০ নং আইন). (with effect from 1st July 2015). (with effect from 1st July 2015).

⁴⁷ Entry No. (e) was substituted by section 54(a)(ii) of the Finance Act, 2014 (Act No. iv of 2014) .

(2) The Board may, from time to time, by notification in the *official Gazette*, make any amendment in the Table referred to in sub-paragraph (1).

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-paragraph (1)⁴⁸[* * *] in the case of any assessee or any class of assessee or any asset or class of assets, the Board may, by notification in the *official Gazette*, direct that depreciation allowance shall be allowance at such rate or rates and in such manner as may be specified.]

⁴⁹[(4) No allowance under this paragraph shall be made for a leasing company on such machinery, plant, vehicle or furniture given to any leasee on financial lease.]

4. [Extra depreciation allowance.- Omitted by section 6 of the Finance Act, 1998 (Act No. XIV of 1998).]

Depreciation not to be allowed in cases where the cost of renewal or replacement is allowed

5. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, no allowance under paragraph 2⁵⁰[* * *] shall be made in the case of any asset falling under the description “Machinery and Plant” the normal useful life of which does not exceed one year, but the cost of renewal or replacement thereof shall be allowed as a revenue expenditure

Initial depreciation allowance

⁵¹[5A. (1) Where any building has been newly constructed or any machinery or plant has been installed in Bangladesh after the thirtieth day of June, 2002, an amount by way of initial depreciation allowance in respect of the year of construction or installation or the year in which such building, machinery or plant is used by the assessee for the first time for the purpose of his business or profession or the year in which commercial production is commenced, whichever is the later, shall be allowed at the following rates, namely:-

⁴⁸ The words and figure “or paragraph 4 ” were omitted by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৮ (১৯৯৮ সনের ১৪ নং আইন).

⁴⁹ Sub paragraph (4) was added by section 55 of the Finance Act, 2009 (Act No. IX of 2009) (with effect from 1st July 2007).

⁵⁰ The word and figure “or 4” was omitted by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৮ (১৯৯৮ সনের ১৪ নং আইন).

⁵¹ Paragraph (5A) was inserted by section 69 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০২ (২০০২ সনের ১৪ নং আইন).

- (a) in the case of building ... ten *per cent* of the cost thereof to the assessee;
- (b) in the case of machinery or plant other than ships or motor vehicles not plying for hire ... twenty-five *per cent* of the cost thereof to the assessee;

(2) Nothing contained in sub-paragraph (1) shall apply in the case of-

- (a) any motor vehicle not plying for hire, and
- (b) any machinery or plant which has previously been used in Bangladesh.

(3) The provisions of paragraph 2 and 3 shall, so far as may be, apply to this paragraph as they apply to the said paragraphs.]

6. [Initial depreciation allowance.- Omitted by section 6 of the Finance Act, 1998 (Act No. XIV of 1998).]

7.⁵²[(1) In the case of any machinery or plant (other than office appliances and road transport vehicles) which, not having been previously used in Bangladesh, has been or is used in an industrial undertaking set up in Bangladesh between the first day of July, 1977 and the thirtieth day of June, ⁵³[2012] (both days inclusive), an amount by way of accelerated depreciation allowance shall, subject to the conditions set out in sub-paragraph (2), be allowed and computed as follows, namely:-

Accelerated depreciation allowance on machinery and plant

(a)	for the first year in which the undertaking starts commercial production	--	fifty <i>per cent</i> of the actual cost of plant and machinery to the assessee
(b)	for the next following second year	--	thirty <i>per cent</i> of the actual cost of plant and machinery to the assessee

⁵² Sub-paragraph (1) was substituted by section 29 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০৬ (২০০৬ সনের ২২ নং আইন).

⁵³ The figure “2012” was substituted for the figure “2010” by section 67 of the Finance Act, 2010 (Act No. XXXIII of 2010).

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(c)	for the next following third year	--	twenty <i>per cent</i> of the actual cost of plant and machinery to the assessee.]
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(2) The industrial undertaking referred to in sub-paragraph (1) shall fulfil the following conditions, namely:-

- (a) that the industrial undertaking is owned and managed by a Bangladeshi company, or a body corporate formed in pursuance of an Act of Parliament, having its registered office in Bangladesh;
- (b) that it belongs to such class of industries as the Board may, by notification in the *official Gazette*, specify in this behalf;
- (c) that the particulars required for the purpose of entitlement to, or claiming, accelerated depreciation allowance under this paragraph have been furnished; and
- (d) that the application in the prescribed form for accelerated depreciation allowance under this paragraph, as verified in the prescribed manner, is made to the Board within ⁵⁴[six months] from the end of the month of commencement of commercial production; and the application is accompanied by a declaration in writing that the undertaking has not been approved for, and that

⁵⁴ The words “six months” were substituted for the words “four months” by section 82 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

no application in respect of the undertaking has been made or shall be made to the Board for approval of, exemption from payment of tax ⁵⁵[under section 45 or 46A or 46B] for any period.

(3) The machinery or plant on which accelerated depreciation has been allowed under this paragraph shall not be entitled to any other depreciation allowance under this Ordinance or the Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922).

⁵⁶[7A. (1) In the case of machinery or plant (other than office appliances and road transport vehicles) which not having been previously used in Bangladesh, has been or is used-

Accelerated depreciation allowance on machinery and plant

- (a) in the expansion unit set-up between the first day of July, 1995 and the thirtieth day of June, ⁵⁷[2005] (both days inclusive) in any existing undertaking enjoying exemption from tax under section 46A; or
- (b) between the first day of July, 1995 and the thirtieth day of June, ⁵⁸[2005] (both days inclusive) in the treatment and disposal of toxic and ⁵⁹[environmentally hazardous

⁵⁵ The words and figures “under section 45 or 46A or 46B” were substituted for the words and figures under section 45 or 46A by section 38 of the Finance Act, 2009 (Act No.X of 2009) (with effect from 1st July 2008).

⁵⁶ Paragraph 7A of the third schedule was inserted by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৫ (১৯৯৫ সনের ১২ নং আইন).

⁵⁷ The figure “2005” was substituted for the figure “2000” by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

⁵⁸ The figure “2005” was substituted for the figure “2000” by section 81 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

⁵⁹ The words “environmentally hazardous wastes or in the collection or processing of biodegradable waste” were substituted for the words “environmentally hazardous wastes” by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৮ (১৯৯৮ সনের ১৪ নং আইন).

wastes or in the collection or processing of bio-degradable wastes] or in the research and development in any industrial undertaking owned and managed by a company as defined in clause (20) of section 2, an amount by way of accelerated depreciation allowance shall, subject to the conditions set out in sub-paragraph (2), be allowed and computed as follows, namely:-

- (i) for the first year in which the expansion unit starts commercial production or operation or, as the case may be, the undertaking starts operation, 80 *per cent* of the actual cost of the machinery or plant to the assessee;
- (ii) for the next following year 20 *per cent* of the actual cost of the machinery or plant to the assessee.

Explanation.- For the purposes of this paragraph, “expansion unit” means the expansion of an existing undertaking if such expansion constitutes-

- (a) an identifiable unit for production or operation of similar or other goods or class of goods or services;
- (b) a similar unit carrying on an identifiable industrial process, but does not include an undertaking which is formed by splitting up or reconstruction of an existing business or by transfer of machinery or plant of an existing business in Bangladesh to a new business.

(2) The undertaking referred to in clause (a) or (b) of sub-paragraph (1) shall fulfil the following conditions, namely:-

- (a) that the application in the prescribed form for accelerated depreciation allowance under this paragraph,

as verified in the prescribed manner, is submitted to the Board within ⁶⁰[six months] from the end of the month of commencement of commercial production or operation; and

- (b) that the particulars required for the purpose of entitlement to, or claiming accelerated depreciation allowance under this paragraph have been furnished.

(3) The Board shall give its decision on an application under sub-paragraph (2) (a) within three months from the date of receipt of the application by the Board, failing which accelerated depreciation shall be deemed to have been allowed by the Board for the purposes of this paragraph.

(4) The machinery or plant on which accelerated depreciation is allowed under this paragraph shall not be entitled to any other depreciation allowance under this Ordinance.

(5) The Board may, on an application by any person aggrieved by any decision or order passed under sub-paragraph (3), if the application is made within four months of the receipt of such decision or order, review the previous decision or order and pass such order in relation thereto as it thinks fit.]

⁶¹[7B. (1) In the case of any machinery or plant (other than office appliances and road transport vehicles) which, not having been previously used in Bangladesh, has been or is used in an industrial undertaking as referred to in section 46B of the Ordinance and set up in Bangladesh between the first day of July, 2014 and the thirtieth day of June, 2019 (both days inclusive), an amount by way of accelerated depreciation allowance shall, subject to the conditions set out in sub-paragraph (2), be allowed and computed as follows, namely :-

Accelerated depreciation allowance on machinery and plant.

- (a) for the first year in which the undertaking starts commercial production fifty per cent of the actual cost of plant and machinery to the assessee

⁶⁰ The words “six months” were substituted for the words “four months” by section 82 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

⁶¹ Paragraph 7B was added by section 54(b) of the Finance Act, 2014 (Act No.iv of 2014)(with effect from 1st July 2014).

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- (b) for the second year -- thirty per cent of the actual cost of plant and machinery to the assessee
- (c) for the third year -- twenty per cent of the actual cost of plant and machinery to the assessee.

(2) The industrial undertaking referred to in sub-paragraph (1) shall fulfil the following conditions, namely:-

(a) that the industrial undertaking is owned and managed by a Bangladeshi company, or a body corporate formed in pursuance of an Act of Parliament, having its registered office in Bangladesh;

(b) that it belongs to the industrial undertaking as specified in sub-section (2) of section 46B;

(c) that the particulars required for the purpose of entitlement to, or claiming accelerated depreciation allowance under this paragraph have been furnished; and

(d) that the application in the prescribed form for accelerated depreciation allowance under this paragraph, as verified in the prescribed manner, is made to the Board within six months from the end of the month of commencement of commercial production; and the application is accompanied by a declaration in writing that the undertaking has not been approved for, and that no application in respect of the undertaking has been made or shall be made to the Board for approval of, exemption from payment of tax under section 46B or 46C of this Ordinance for any period.

(3) The machinery or plant on which accelerated depreciation has been allowed under this paragraph shall not be entitled to any other depreciation allowance under this Ordinance.]

8. (1) In the case of-

Special
depreciation
allowance on
ships

- (a) a ship, being a passenger vessel, plying ordinarily on inland waters, or a fishing trawler registered in Bangladesh, which has been or is brought into use in Bangladesh, for the first time on any day between the 1st day of July, 1982 and the thirtieth day of June, ⁶²[1995] (both days inclusive), and is the property of the assessee, or
- (b) a ship registered in Bangladesh, not being a ship ordinarily plying on inland waters, which has been or is brought into use in Bangladesh for the first time on any day between the 1st day of July, 1982 and the thirtieth day of June, ⁶³[1995] (both days inclusive), and is the property of the assessee, an amount by way of special depreciation allowance shall, subject to the conditions set out in sub-paragraph(2), be allowed and computed as follows, namely:-

(i) for the first year	40 <i>per cent</i> of the original cost;
(ii) for the second year	30 <i>per cent</i> of the original cost;
(iii) for the third year	30 <i>per cent</i> of the original cost;

(2) For the purposes of special depreciation allowance under sub-paragraph (1), the following conditions shall be fulfilled namely:-

- (a) that the ship conforms to such specifications as the Government may, by notification in the *official Gazette*, specify in this behalf; and
- (b) that the particulars required for the purpose of entitlement to or claiming special depreciation allowance under this paragraph have been furnished.

⁶² The figure "1995" was substituted for the figure "1990" by section 8 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯০ (১৯৯০ সনের ৪৫ নং আইন).

⁶³ The figure "1995" was substituted for the figure "1990" by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৮ (১৯৯৮ সনের ১৪ নং আইন).

(3) Any ship including a passenger vessel or a fishing trawler on which special depreciation has been allowed under this paragraph shall not be entitled to any other depreciation allowance under this Ordinance or the Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922).

Limitation in respect of allowance for depreciation

9. (1) The aggregate of the allowances for depreciation allowed under this Ordinance or the Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), in respect of any asset, shall not exceed the original cost of the asset.

(2) Where full effect cannot be given to depreciation allowances under this Schedule in the year in which it is admissible there being no income chargeable for that year or such income being less than the allowance admissible, then, subject first to carrying forward of the loss, if any, under section 38, the allowances or the part thereof to which effect has not been given shall be added to the amount of the allowance for the following year or, if no allowance is admissible for such following year, shall be deemed to be allowance admissible for such year and so on for succeeding years till such time as the entire allowance on this account is adjusted against the profits.

Disposal of assets and treatment of gains or losses thereof

10. Where in any income year any asset representing any building, machinery or plant is disposed of by an assessee-

- (a) no allowance for depreciation under paragraphs 3, 4, 6, 7 or 8 shall be allowed in respect thereof in that year;
- (b) where the sale proceeds exceed the written down value of such asset, so much of the excess as does not exceed the difference between the original cost and the written down value, shall be deemed to be income of the assessee of that income year chargeable under the head "Income from business or profession";
- (c) where the sales-proceeds are less than the written down value of such asset, the deficit shall be deemed to be an expenditure, deductible from the profits and gains of business or profession of that year;
and the business or profession in which such building, machinery or plant was used before its disposal, shall be deemed to be carried on by the assessee during that year, and the provisions of

this Ordinance shall apply accordingly:

Provided that the deficiency is actually written off in the books of accounts of the assessee.

⁶⁴[(1) Where an assessee, being a resident company, paid any sum as ⁶⁵[license fees before or after] the first day of July, 2012 wholly and exclusively for the purpose of obtaining a permission from any authority authorised by the government applicable for two or more years to run a business, the assessee shall be allowed a deduction shall continue till the last year of the period for which the license was granted.

10A.
Amortization
of license fees.

(2) For the purpose of this paragraph, license fees means Spectrum Assignment fees ⁶⁶[,GSM license fees, license acquisition fees or license renewal fees] paid by a cellular mobile phone operator ⁶⁷[or any other licence fee, paid by any other company engaged in providing specialized services, if such licence is integral to the operation of the company] ⁶⁸[:

Provided that the amortization fees shall be allowed from assessment year 2013-2014.]

11. For the purposes of this Schedule,-

Definitions

(1) “furniture” includes fittings;

(2) “plant” includes ships, vehicles, books, scientific apparatus and surgical equipment used for the purpose of business or profession;

⁶⁴ Paragraph 10A was inserted by section 33(b) of the Finance Act, 2013 (Act No. XXV of 2013) (with effect from 1st July, 2013).

⁶⁵ The words “license fees before or after” were substituted for the words “license fees on or after” by section 54(c)(i) of the Finance Act, 2014 (Act No. IV of 2014) (with effect from 1st July, 2014).

⁶⁶ The words “,GSM license fees, license acquisition fees or license renewal fees” were inserted after the words “Spectrum Assignment fees” by section 54(c)(ii) of the Finance Act, 2014 (Act No. IV of 2014) (with effect from 1st July, 2014).

⁶⁷ The words “or any other licence fee, paid by any other company engaged in providing specialized services, if such licence is integral to the operation of the company” were added after the words “cellular mobile phone operator” by section 64 of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৬ (২০১৬ সনের ২৮ নং আইন).

⁶⁸ The colon “:” was substituted for the full-stop “.” and thereafter proviso was added by section 54(e) of the Finance Act, 2014 (Act No. IV of 2014) (with effect from 1st July, 2014).

(3) “sale proceeds” means-

- (a) where the asset is actually sold, the sale price thereof or the fair market value, whichever is the higher;
- (b) where the asset is transferred by way of exchange, the fair market value of the asset acquired through such transfer;
- (c) where the asset is transferred otherwise than by sale or exchange, the consideration for such transfer;
- (d) where an asset is discarded, demolished, destroyed or lost, scrap value, or the amount realised by the disposal thereof together with any insurance, compensation or salvage money received or receivable in respect therefore;
- (e) where the asset is compulsorily acquired under any law for the time being in force in Bangladesh, the compensation paid thereof;
- (f) where the asset ceases to be used by the assessee for the purposes of his business or profession, the fair market value thereof at the time of such cessation;
- (g) where any machinery of plant, after having been used in Bangladesh in the execution of any contract or otherwise, is exported or transferred outside Bangladesh, the original cost thereof less ⁶⁹[the “normal depreciation” allowed under paragraph 3 of this Schedule], or the depreciation allowances allowed under section 10 (2) (vi) of the Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), except the further sum referred to therein;

and in each such case the asset shall for the purpose of paragraph 10, be deemed to have been disposed of by the assessee:

⁶⁹ The words, comma and figure “the “normal depreciation” allowed under paragraph 3 of this Schedule” were substituted for the words, commas and figures “the “normal depreciation” and “extra depreciation” if any, allowed under paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Schedule” by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৯ (১৯৯৯ সনের ১৬ নং আইন).

Provided that where the actual cost of a motor vehicle not plying for ⁷⁰[hire is subject to the maximum limit in accordance with clause (a) of sub-paragraph (6)] the sale-proceeds thereof shall be taken to be a sum which bears to the amount for which the said vehicle is sold, together with any insurance, salvage or compensation money received or receivable, or as the case may be, scrap value in respect thereof, at the same proportion as ⁷¹[the said maximum limit] bears to the actual cost of the said vehicle to the assessee, had the said sub-clause not been applicable to such vehicle.

Explanation.-In the proviso, “sold” includes a transfer by way of exchange or otherwise or a compulsory acquisition under any law for the time being in force;

(4) “ship” includes a steamer, motor vessel, sail, tug, boat, iron or steel flat for cargo, wooden cargo boat, motor launch and speed boat;

(5) “written down value” means-

- (a) where the assets were acquired in the income year, the actual cost thereof to the assessee;
- (b) where the assets were acquired before the income year, the actual cost thereof to the assessee as reduced by the aggregate of the allowances for depreciation allowed under this Ordinance, or the Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), in respect of the assessments for earlier year or years;

(6) For the purposes of clause (5),-

- (a) in the case of motor vehicles, being passenger vehicles or sedan cars, not plying for hire, the actual cost to the assessee shall be deemed not to exceed ⁷²[twenty five lakh taka] ⁷³[:

⁷⁰ The words, commas and brackets “hire is subject to the maximum limit in accordance with clause (a) of sub-paragraph (6)” were substituted for the words, commas and brackets “hire, is, in accordance with clause (6) (a), taken to be twenty lakh taka,” by section 49 (a)(i) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৭ (২০১৭ সনের ১৪ নং আইন) (With effect from 1st July 2017).

⁷¹ The words “the said maximum limit” were substituted for the words “the said sum of twenty lakh taka” by section 49 (a)(ii) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৭ (২০১৭ সনের ১৪ নং আইন) (With effect from 1st July 2017).

⁷² The words “twenty five lakh taka” were substituted for the words “twenty lakh taka” by section 63(b) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৫ (২০১৫ সনের ১০ নং আইন).(with effect from 1st July 2015). (with effect from 1st July 2015).

Provided that nothing in this clause shall apply in the case of allowing depreciation of a bus or minibus transporting the students and teachers of the assessee being an educational institution or of the employees of the business or profession for which the depreciation is to be allowed;]

⁷³ The colon (:) was substituted for the semi-colon (;) and the proviso was added by section 49 (b) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৭ (২০১৭ সনের ১৪ নং আইন) (With effect from 1st July 2017).

- (b) in computing the actual cost of an asset, the amount of any grant, subsidy, rebate or commission and the value of any assistance (not being in the nature of any loan repayable with or without interest) received by an assessee from Government or any other authority or person, and any deduction or allowance admissible under this Ordinance or the Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), shall be excluded;
- (c) where, before the date of acquisition by the assessee, any such asset had at any time been used by any person for the purposes of his business or profession, the actual cost to the assessee shall, except in any case where sub-clause (d) applies, be deemed not to exceed the fair market value thereof;
- (d) where any assessee has succeeded another person in business or profession by inheritance, or where the provisions of section 88 apply, the written down value of an asset shall be computed as if no succession had taken place;
- (e) where an assessee has acquired any plant or machinery (hereinafter referred to as "asset") from a country outside Bangladesh for installation in Bangladesh for the purposes of his business or profession and, in consequence of a change in the rate of exchange at any time after the acquisition of such asset and before full and final payment of any foreign loan, there is an increase or reduction in the liability of the assessee as expressed in Bangladesh currency for making payment towards the whole or a part of the moneys borrowed by him from any person, directly or indirectly, in any foreign currency specifically for the purposes of acquiring the asset (being in either case, the liability existing immediately before the date on which change in the rate of exchange takes effect), the amount by which the liability aforesaid is so increased or reduced during the income year shall be added to, or as the case may be, deducted from the actual cost of the assets, and the amount arrived at after such addition or deduction shall be taken to be the actual cost of the asset;
- (f) where the whole or any part of the liability aforesaid is met, not by the assessee, but, directly or indirectly, by any other person or authority, the liability so met shall not be taken into account for the purposes of clause (e); and

- (g) where the assessee has entered into a contract with an authorised dealer for providing him with a specified sum in a foreign currency on or after a stipulated future date at the rate of exchange specified in the contract to enable him to meet the whole or any part of the liability aforesaid, the amount, if any, to be added to, or deducted from the actual cost of the asset or the amount of expenditure of a capital nature or, as the case may be, the cost of acquisition of the capital asset under this sub-clause shall, in respect of so much of the sum specified in the contract as is available for discharging the liability aforesaid, be computed with reference to the rate of exchange specified therein.

Explanation.-For the purposes of this clause-

- (a) “rate of exchange” means the rate of exchange determined or recognised by the Government for the conversion of Bangladesh currency into foreign currency or foreign currency into Bangladesh currency; and
- (b) “authorised dealer”, “foreign currency” and “Bangladesh currency” have the same meaning as in the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947 (VII of 1947).

THE FOURTH SCHEDULE

**COMPUTATION OF THE PROFITS AND GAINS OF
INSURANCE BUSINESS**

[See section 28(2) (a)]

1. In the case of any person who carries on, or at any time in the income year carried on, life insurance business, the profits and gains of such person from that business shall be computed separately from his income, profits or gains from any other business.

Profits of life insurance to be computed separately

2. The profits and gains of life insurance business, other than pension and annuity business, shall be taken to be either-

Computation of profits and gains of life insurance business

- (a) the gross external incomings of the income year from that business less the management expenses of that year, or

- (b) the annual average of the surplus arrived at by adjusting the surplus or deficit disclosed by the actuarial valuation made for the last inter-valuation period ending before the year for which the assessment is to be made, So as to exclude from it any surplus or deficit included therein which was made in any earlier inter-valuation period and any expenditure other than expenditure which may, under the provisions of section 29 of this Ordinance, be allowed for, in computing the profits and gains of a business, whichever is the greater:

Provided that the amount to be allowed as management expenses shall not exceed-

- (a) 7 per cent of the premiums received during the income year in respect of single premium life insurance policies, plus
- (b) in respect of the first year's premiums received in respect of other life insurance policies for which the number of annual premiums payable is less than twelve, or for which the number of year during which premiums are payable is less than twelve, for each such premium or each such year, 7 per cent of such first year's premium or received during the income year, plus
- (c) 90 per cent of the first year's premium received during the ⁷⁴[income year] in respect of all other life insurance policies, plus
- (d) 12 per cent of all renewal premiums received during the income year.

Computation of profits and gains of pension and annuity business

3. The profits and gains of pension and annuity business shall be taken to be the annual average of the surplus computed in the manner laid in paragraph 2(b).

Deductions

4. In computing the surplus,-

- (a) under paragraph 2(b), for the purpose of life insurance business, three-fourths of the amounts paid to or reserved

⁷⁴ The words "income year" were substituted for the words "previous year" by Corrigendum issued vide Bangladesh Gazette, dated 19th August, 1984.

The Income-tax Ordinance, 1984

for or expended on behalf of policy-holders, shall be allowed as a deduction, and under paragraph 3, the amounts paid to or reserved for or expended on behalf of the members of an approved superannuation fund shall be allowed as a deduction:

Provided that in the first such computation made under this paragraph of any such surplus, no account shall be taken of any such amounts to the extent to which they are paid out of or in respect of any surplus brought forward from a previous inter-valuation period:

Provided further that if any amount so reserved for policy-holders or members of an approved superannuation fund, as the case may be, ceases to be so reserved, and is not paid to or expended on behalf of policy-holders or members of an approved superannuation fund, as the case may be, one-half or three-fourths of such amount or the entire amount, as the case may be, if it has been previously allowed as a deduction, shall be treated as part of the surplus for the period in which the said amount ceased to be so reserved;

(b) any amount either written off or reserved in the accounts or through the actuarial valuation balance-sheet to meet depreciation of or loss on the realisation of securities or other assets, shall be allowed as a deduction, and any sums taken credit for in the accounts or actuarial valuation balance-sheet on account of appreciation of or gains on the realisation of the securities or other assets shall be included in the surplus:

Provided that if, upon investigation, it appears to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes after consultation with the Controller of Insurance that having due regard to be necessity for making reasonable provision for bonuses to participating policy-holders and for contingencies, the rate of interest or other factor employed in determining the liability in respect of outstanding policy is materially inconsistent with the valuation of the securities and other assets so as artificially to reduce the surplus, such adjustment shall be made to the allowance for depreciation of or to the amount to be included in the surplus in respect of appreciation of, such securities and other assets as shall increase the surplus for the purposes of these paragraphs to a figure which is fair and just;

⁷⁵[(c) interest received in respect of any securities of the Government which have been issued with the condition that interest thereon shall not be liable to tax shall be excluded.]

Adjustment of tax paid by deduction at source

5. Where for any year an assessment of the profits and gains of life insurance business is made in accordance with the annual average of a surplus disclosed by a valuation for an inter-valuation period exceeding twelve months, then, in computing the tax payable for that year, credit shall not be given in accordance with section 62 for the tax paid in the income year, but credit shall be given for the annual average of the tax paid by deduction at source from interest on securities or otherwise during such period.

Computation of profits and gains of other insurance business

6. ⁷⁶[(1) The profits and gains of any business of insurance other than life insurance shall be taken to be the balance of the profits disclosed by the annual accounts, which are required to be prepared complying the provisions of the ⁷⁷[বীমা আইন, ২০১০ (২০১০ সনের ১৩ নং আইন) (Insurance Act, 2010 (Act No. 13 of 2010)], after adjusting such balance so as to exclude from it any expenditure, other than expenditure which may under the provisions of section 29 of the Income tax Ordinance, 1984 be allowed for, in computing the profits and gains of a business. Profits and losses on the realisation of investments, and depreciation and appreciation of the value of investments shall be dealt with as provided in paragraph 4 for the business of life insurance.]

(2) Where a company sets aside a portion of its income, profits and gains to meet exceptional losses, so much of such portion as does not exceed ten *per cent* of the premium income of the year in which it is set aside shall be deducted from the balance of the profits referred to in sub-paragraph (1).

(3) The amount deducted under sub-paragraph (2) in any year, together with the amounts, if any, deducted or carried to a reserve in earlier years to meet exceptional losses (as reduced by the amounts, if any, paid out of such amounts or reserve to meet exceptional losses) shall not exceed the premium income of that year or the average premium income of the three years immediately preceding that year, whichever is the higher.

⁷⁵ Sub-paragraph (c) was substituted by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৫ (১৯৯৫ সনের ১২ নং আইন).

⁷⁶ Sub-paragraph (1) was substituted by section 33 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০৫ (২০০৫ সনের ১৬ নং আইন).

⁷⁷ The words, comma, figures and brackets “বীমা আইন, ২০১০ (২০১০ সনের ১৩ নং আইন) (Insurance Act, 2010 (Act No. 13 of 2010)” were substituted for the words, comma, figures, letters and brackets “Insurance Act, 1938 (IV of 1938)” by section 55(a) of the Finance Act, 2012 (Act No. XXVI of 2012) (with effect from 1st July, 2012).

(4) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Ordinance, where any amount is paid, appropriated or diverted of out or from he amounts deducted under sub-paragraph (2) for purposes other than the meeting of an exceptional loss, such amount shall, together with the other premium income, if any, of the company for the year in which such payment, appropriation or diversion takes place, be deemed to be the premium income of the company for that year; and in the event of the liquidation of the company or the discontinuance of the business to which this paragraph applies, whichever is the earlier, the aggregate of the amounts deducted under sub-paragraph (2) (as reduced by the payments made out of such amounts to meet exceptional losses) shall together with the other income, if any, of the company for the year in which it goes into liquidation or in which such business is discontinued, be deemed to be the income of the company for that year.

Explanation.-For the purposes of this paragraph, “exceptional loss” means the amount by which the aggregate loss in any year exceeds fifty *per cent* of the premium income of that year or fifty *per cent* of the average premium income of the three years immediately preceding that year, whichever is the higher.

7. The profits and gains of the branches in Bangladesh of an insurance company not resident in Bangladesh in the absence of more reliable data, may be deemed to be the proportion of the total world income of the company corresponding to the proportion which its premium income derived from Bangladesh bears to its total premium income. For the purpose of this paragraph, the total world income of life insurance companies not resident in Bangladesh whose profits are periodically ascertained by actuarial valuation shall be computed in the manner laid down in these paragraphs for the computation of the profits and gains of life insurance business carried on in Bangladesh.

Profits and
gains of non-
resident person

8. These paragraphs apply to the assessment of the profits of any business of insurance carried on by a mutual insurance association.

Mutual
Insurance
Associations

Definition

9. For the purposes of this Schedule,-

- (a) “gross external incomings” means the full amount and incomings from interest, dividends, fines and fees and all other incomings from whatever source derived (except premium received from policy-holders and interest and dividends on any annuity fund) and includes also profits from reversions and on the sale or the granting of annuities, but excludes profits on the realisation of securities or other assets:

Provided that incomings, including the annual value of the property occupied by the assessee, which but for the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 28 would have been assessable under section 24, shall be computed upon the basis laid down in the last named section, and that there shall be allowed from such gross incomings such deductions as are permissible under that section;

- (b) “management expenses” means the full amount of expenses (including commissions) incurred exclusively in the management of the business of life insurance, and in the case of a company carrying on other classes of business as well as the business of life insurance in addition thereto, a fair proportion of the expenses incurred in the general management of the whole business. Bonuses or other sums paid to or reserved on behalf of policy-holders, depreciation of, and losses on the realisation of securities or other assets and any expenditure other than expenditure which may under the provisions of section 29 be allowed for in computing the profits and gains of a business are not management expenses for the purposes of this Schedule;
- (c) “life insurance business” means life insurance business as defined in section ⁷⁸[5(2) of বীমা আইন, ২০১০ (২০১০ সনের ১৩ নং আইন)];
- (d) “securities” includes stocks and shares;

⁷⁸ The words, figures, letters and brackets “5(2) of বীমা আইন, ২০১০ (২০১০ সনের ১৩ নং আইন)” were substituted for the words, figures, letters and brackets “2(II) of the Insurance Act, 1938 (IV of 1938)” by section 55(b) of the Finance Act, 2012 (Act No. XXVI of 2012) (with effect from 1st July, 2012).

- (e) “pension and annuity business” means any life insurance business relating to a contract with the trustees of an approved superannuation fund, where such contract is-
- (e) “pension and annuity business” means any life insurance business relating to a contract with the trustees of an approved superannuation fund, where such contract is-
- (i) entered into only for the purposes of such fund, and
- (ii) so framed that the liabilities undertaken thereunder by the person carrying on the insurance business correspond with the liabilities against which the contract is intended to secure such fund.

⁷⁹[**Explanation.**- For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that the provisions of section 30 shall apply in allowing management expenses or any other expenses under this Schedule.]

THE FIFTH SCHEDULE

PART A

COMPUTATION OF THE PROFITS OR GAINS FROM THE EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION OF PETROLEUM AND THE DETERMINATION OF THE TAX THEREON

[See section 28 (2) (b)]

1. Where any person carries on or is deemed under an agreement with the Government to be carrying on any business which consists of or includes exploration and production of petroleum, the profits or gains of such person therefrom shall be computed separately from his income, profits or gains from any other business.

Profits from exploration and production of petroleum to be computed separately

2. Subject to the provisions of section 29, the profits and gains for the purposes of paragraph 1, shall be computed after making the following additional allowances, namely:-

Computation of profits

- (a) where a person incurs any expenditure on searching for,

⁷⁹ Explanation was added by section 43 of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৮ (২০১৮ সনের ২২ নং আইন) (With effect from 1st July 2018).

or on discovering and testing a petroleum deposit or winning access thereto, but the search, exploration or enquiry upon which the expenditure is incurred is given up before the commencement of commercial production, such expenditure allocable to a surrender area and to the drilling of a dry hole shall be deemed to be lost at the time of the surrender of the area or the completion of the dry hole, as the case may be. A portion of such loss as provided for any agreement between any such person and the Government, shall be allowed in either of the following ways:-

- (i) such portion of the said loss in any year shall be set off against income, profits or gains from business or under any other head of income, other than income from dividend, of that year. If the loss cannot be wholly set off in this manner, the portion not so set off shall be carried forward to the following year and set off against such income, profits or gains, for that year in the same manner; and if it cannot be wholly so set off, the amount not so set off shall be

carried forward to the following year and so on; but no loss shall be so carried forward for more than six years;

(ii) such portion of the said loss in any year shall be set off against income, profits or gains of the same business of the income year in which commercial production commences. If the loss cannot be wholly set off against the profit of the same business for that year, the loss not so set off shall be carried forward to the following year and set off against the profits or gains, if any, of the assessee from the same business for that year; and if it cannot be wholly so set off, the amount of loss not so set off shall be carried forward to the following year, and so on; but no loss shall be so carried forward for more than ten years;

(b) after the commencement of commercial production, all expenditure prior thereto not deemed to be lost under clause (a) and not represented by physical assets in use at the time the commercial production commenced, shall be allowed as deductions. The portion of such deduction to be allowed in any year shall be such amount (not being greater than 10 *per cent* of the aggregate amount deductible) as may be selected by the assessee;

(c) expenditure incurred after the commencement of commercial production in connection with production and exploration shall be allowed as a deduction:

Provided that such expenditure on assets with respect to which depreciation is allowable shall not be deducted; and depreciation shall be allowable on such assets in accordance with the provisions of the Third Schedule. Depreciation shall also be allowed in respect of the expenditure referred to in the preceding clause on physical assets acquired prior to the date on which commercial production commenced, which were in use on that date, as if the assets were newly acquired at their original cost at the time of commencement of commercial production:

Provided further that where any depreciation allowance has been allowed before the commencement of commercial production, the original cost as aforesaid shall be reduced by the amount of such allowance;

(d) if, in any year, the deductions admissible under section 29, and the foregoing clauses (b) and (c) of this paragraph, exceed the gross receipts from the sale of

petroleum produced in Bangladesh such excess shall be set off against other income, not being a dividend, and carried forward in the manner and subject to the limitations laid down in sections 37, 38 and 42.

3. In determining the profits or gains for any year ending after the date on which commercial production commenced, an additional allowance shall be made equal to 15 *per cent* of the gross receipts representing the well-head value of the production from the business or part of the business to which the provisions of this Part apply:

Depletion allowance

Provided that such allowance shall not exceed one-half of the profits or gains as computed without the deduction of such allowance.

4. (1) The sum of payments to the Government and taxes on income in respect of the profits or gains derived from the business or part of the business to which the provisions of this Part apply, for any year of assessment, shall be as provided for in the agreement with the assessee ⁸⁰[* * *].

Payments to the Government and taxes

(2) For the purposes of this paragraph, “payments to the Government” means amounts payable to the Government or to any Governmental authority in Bangladesh,

⁸¹[* * *]

(b) in respect of any tax or levy imposed in Bangladesh particularly applicable to oil production or to extractive industries, or any of them, and not generally imposed upon all industrial and commercial activities.

5. If in respect of any year, the aggregate of the sum of payments to the Government and taxes on income is greater or less than the amount provided for in the agreement referred to in paragraph 4(1), an additional income tax shall be payable by the assessee or an abatement of tax shall be allowed to the assessee, as the case may be, so as to make the aggregate of the sum of payments to the Government and taxes on income equal to the amount provided for in the agreement.

Adjustments of payments to the Government and taxes

⁸⁰ The words and figures “subject to the condition that it shall not be less than 50 per cent of the profits or gains derived from the said business or part of the business before deduction of payments to the Government and the additional allowance referred to in paragraph 3 ” were omitted by section 12 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৮৯ (১৯৮৯ সনের ৩৬ নং আইন).

⁸¹ Clause (a) was omitted by section 12 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৮৯ (১৯৮৯ সনের ৩৬ নং আইন).

Carry forward of
excess payments

6. If, in respect of any year, the payments to the Government exceed the amount provided for in the agreement referred to in paragraph 4(1), so much of the excess as consists of any tax or levy referred to in paragraph 4(2)(b) shall be carried forward and treated as payments to the Government for the purposes of paragraph 4 and 5 for the succeeding year.

Sale price of oil

7. For the purposes of computing income under this Part, the “well-head value” shall be adopted as the sale price of the oil.

Definitions

8. For the purposes of this Part,-

(a) “commercial production” means production as determined by the Government;

⁸²[(b) “petroleum” has the same meaning as assigned to it in the Bangladesh Petroleum Act, 1974 (LXIX of 1974), but does not include refined petroleum products;]

(c) “surrender” means the termination of rights with respect to an area including the expiration of rights according to the terms of an agreement;

(d) “surrendered area” means an area with respect to which the rights of a person have terminated by surrender or by assignment or by termination of the business;

(e) “well-head value” has the meaning assigned to it in the agreement between the assessee and the Government and, in the absence of its definition in the agreement, the meaning assigned to it in the Petroleum (Production) Rules, 1949.

PART B

COMPUTATION OF PROFITS AND GAINS FROM THE EXPLORATION AND EXTRACTION OF MINERAL DEPOSITS (OTHER THAN OIL AND OIL GAS) IN BANGLADESH

[See section 28(2)(c)]

Profits from
exploration and
extraction of
mineral deposits to
be computed
separately

1. Where any person carries on the business of the exploration or extraction of mineral deposits of a wasting nature other than oil and oil gas in Bangladesh, the profits and gains of such business, shall be computed separately from his income, profits or gains from other business, if any, and such business shall, for the purposes of these paragraphs, be treated as a separate undertaking (hereinafter referred to as such undertaking).

⁸² Clause (b) was substituted by section 12 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৮৯ (১৯৮৯ সনের ৩৬ নং আইন).

2. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Part, the profits and gains of such undertaking shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of section 29. Computation of profits

(2) All expenditure on prospecting and exploration incurred by such undertaking up to the stage of commercial production shall, to the extent it cannot be set off against any other income of the said undertaking or any other income in accordance with section 37, be treated as a loss.

(3) The loss computed in the manner specified in sub-paragraph (2) shall be set off against the income of such undertaking after the commencement of commercial production so, however, that if it cannot be wholly set off against the income, profits or gains of the said undertaking for the income year in which the commercial production was commenced, the portion not so set off shall be carried forward to the following year, and so on; but no less shall be carried forward for more than ten years beginning with the year in which commercial production was commenced.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs 3 and 6 of the Third Schedule, after the commencement of commercial production, depreciation allowance in respect of machinery and plant purchased or acquired for extracting the or shall be allowed as a deduction against profits and gains of the year in which they are used for the first time in an amount equal to the original cost of such asset; where such allowance cannot be made in full in any year owing to there being no profits or gains chargeable for that year or owing to the profits and gains so chargeable being less than the allowance, the allowance or part of the allowance to which effect has not been given, as the case may be, shall be added to the amount of allowance for depreciation for the following year and deemed to be part of that allowance or, if there is no allowance for that year, be deemed to be allowance for that year, and so on for succeeding years:

Provided that where any loss has also to be carried forward under sub-paragraph (3), effect shall first be given to that paragraph.

Depletion allowance

3. (1) In computing the profits and gains of such undertaking for any year, an additional allowance (hereinafter referred to as the depletion allowance) shall be made equal to 15 *per cent* of the total income of such undertaking (before the deduction of such allowance) or 50 *per cent* of the capital employed in such undertaking (such capital being computed in accordance with such provisions as may be made by the Board for the purpose of this paragraph), whichever is the less.

(2) No deduction on account of the depletion allowance shall be allowed under sub-paragraph (1) unless an amount equal to the depletion allowance is debited to the profit and loss account of the relevant income year and credited to a reserve account to be utilised for the development and expansion of such undertaking.

(3) Where an allowance by way of depletion allowance has been made in any year and subsequently it is utilised for a purpose not specified in sub-paragraph (2), the amount originally allowed shall be deemed to have been wrongly allowed and the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes may, notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, recompute the total income of the assessee for the relevant income year and the provisions of sections 93 and 94 shall, so far as may be, apply thereto, the period of ⁸³[limitation] specified in section 94 being reckoned from the end of the income year in which the amount was so utilised.

Tax exemption of profits from refining or concentrating mineral deposits

4. (1) Where such undertaking is also engaged in the business of refining or concentrating in Bangladesh the mineral deposits extracted by it in Bangladesh, so much of the profits and gains (hereinafter referred to in sub-paragraph (2) as the said amount of profits and gains) derived from such business as does not exceed five *per cent* of the capital employed in such business, such capital being computed in accordance with such rules as may be made by the Board for the purposes of this paragraph, shall be exempt from tax.

(2) Where the profits and gains of such business, computed for any year of assessment cover a period which is less or more than one year, the amount of profits and gains exempt under

⁸³ The word "limitation" was substituted for the words "four years" by section 50 of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৭ (২০১৭ সনের ১৪ নং আইন) (With effect from 1st July 2017).

The Income-tax Ordinance, 1984

sub-paragraph (1) shall be the amount which bears the same proportion to the said amount of profits and gains at the same proportion as the said period bears to a period of one year.

(3) The profits and gains of the business to which this paragraph applies shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of sections 28 and 29.

(4) Nothing contained in this paragraph shall apply to an undertaking which is formed by the splitting up, or the reconstruction or reconstitution of, a business already in existence or by the transfer to a new business of any building, machinery or plant used in a business which was being carried on, on or before the first day of July, 1983.

(5) The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to the assessment for the year next following the income year in which commercial production is commenced, or the loss under paragraph 2(3) or allowance, if any, under paragraph 2(4), as the case may be, has been set off or deducted in full, whichever is the later, and for the next following four years.

THE SIXTH SCHEDULE

PART A

EXCLUSIONS FROM TOTAL INCOME

[See section 44(1)]

1. (1) Any income derived from ⁸⁴[house property] held under trust or other legal obligation ⁸⁵[* * *] wholly for religious or charitable purposes, and in the case of ⁸⁶[house property] so held in part only for such purposes, the income applied, or finally set apart for application, thereto.

⁸⁷[**Explanation.-** The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply in the case of a non-Government organisation registered with NGO Affairs Bureau.]

⁸⁴ The words “house property” were substituted for the word “property” by section 68 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০১ (২০০১ সনের ৩০ নং আইন).

⁸⁵ The words “or from operation of micro credit by such trust or obligation” were omitted by section 70 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০২ (২০০২ সনের ১৪ নং আইন).

⁸⁶ The words “house property” were substituted for the word “property” by section 68 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০১ (২০০১ সনের ৩০ নং আইন).

⁸⁷ The Explanation was inserted by section 70 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০২ (২০০২ সনের ১৪ নং আইন).

⁸⁸[1A. Any service charge derived from operation of micro credit by a non-government organisation registered with NGO Affairs Bureau ⁸⁹[or Microcredit Regulatory Authority] .

Explanation.- For the purpose of this paragraph, "service charge" means any financial charge or interest or share of profit, called by whatever name, paid or payable by the loan recipient for the amount borrowed under micro credit programme from the non-government organisation.]

(2) Where any income is not applied or is not deemed to have been applied to charitable or religious purposes in Bangladesh during the income year but is accumulated, or finally set apart, for application to such purposes in Bangladesh, such income shall not be included in the total income of the income year of the person in receipt of the income, provided the following conditions are complied with, namely,-

- (a) such person specifies, by notice in writing given to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes, the purpose for which the income is being accumulated or set apart, and the period for which the income is to be accumulated or set apart, which shall in no case exceed ten years;
- (b) the money so accumulated or set apart is-
 - (i) invested in any Government security as defined in section 2(2) of Public Debt Act, 1944 (XVIII of 1944), or in any other security which may be approved by the Government in this behalf, or
 - (ii) deposited in any account with the Post Office Savings Bank ⁹⁰[, or

⁸⁸ Paragraph (1A) was substituted by section 55 of the Finance Act, 2014 (Act No. IV of 2014) (with effect from 1st July, 2014).

⁸⁹ The words “ or Microcredit Regulatory Authority” were inserted after the words “Bureau” by section 32(a) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১১ (২০১১ সনের ১১ নং আইন)।

⁹⁰ The comma and word (, or) were substituted for the full stop (.) and sub-clause (iii) was inserted by section 58(a) of the Finance Act, 2011 (Act No. XII of 2011) .

⁹¹[(iii) deposited at least fifty per cent of such money in an account with scheduled bank of which fifty one per cent or more shares are held by the Government and the rest amount of money may be deposited in any scheduled bank.]

(3) Where any income which-

- (a) is applied to purposes other than charitable or religious purposes or ceases to be accumulated or set apart for application thereto, or
- (b) ceases to remain invested in any security or deposited in any account referred to in sub-paragraph (2), or
- (c) is not utilised for the purpose for which it is so accumulated or set apart during the period referred to in sub-paragraph (2) or in the year immediately following the expiry thereof, shall be deemed to be the income of such person of the income year in which it is so applied or ceases to be so accumulated or set apart or ceases to remain so invested or deposited or, as the case may be, of the income year immediately following the expiry of the period aforesaid.

⁹²[* * *]

2. ⁹³[Any voluntary contributions received by a religious or charitable institution] and applicable solely to religious or charitable purposes:

Provided that nothing contained in paragraph 1 or 2 shall operate to exempt from the provisions of this Ordinance that part of the total income of a private religious trust which does not ensure for the benefit of the public.

⁹⁴[**3.** The income of a local government.]

⁹¹ Item (iii) was substituted by section 50(a)(i) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৯ (২০১৯ সনের ১০ নং আইন).

⁹² The Explanation was omitted by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৯ (১৯৯৯ সনের ১৬ নং আইন).

⁹³ The words “Any voluntary contributions received by a religious or charitable institution” were substituted for the words “Any income of a religious or charitable institution derived from voluntary contributions” by section 55(b) of the Finance Act, 2014 (Act No. IV of 2014) (with effect from 1st July, 2014).

⁹⁴ Paragraph 3 was substituted by section 83 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

4. (1) Any income accruing to, or derived by, a provident

fund to which the Provident Funds Act, 1925 (XIX of 1925), applies.

(2) Any income accruing to, or derived by, workers participation fund established under the ⁹⁵[এসজি পি ক কেই A৷Bb, 2006 (2006 m#bi 42 bs A৷Bb) (Bangladesh Labour Act, 2006 (Act No. XLII of 2006)], subject to any such conditions and limits as may be prescribed.

5. Any special allowance, benefits or perquisite specifically granted to meet expenses wholly and necessarily incurred in the performance of the duties of an office or employment of profit.

⁹⁶[6. Any income received by the trustees on behalf of a recognised provident fund, an approved superannuation fund ⁹⁷[or pension fund] and an approved gratuity fund.]

7. Any income received-

- (a) by any ambassador, high commissioner, envoy, minister, *charge d' affairs*, commissioner, counsellor, *consul de carri re*, secretary, adviser or *attach * of an embassy, high commission, legation or commission of a Foreign State, as remuneration from such State for service in such capacity;
- (b) by a trade commissioner or other official representative in Bangladesh of a Foreign State (not holding office as such in an honorary capacity) as his official salary, if the official salary of the corresponding officials, if any, of the Government, resident for similar purposes in the country concerned, enjoy a similar exemption in that

⁹⁵ The words, commas, numbers and brackets “এসজি পি ক কেই A৷Bb, 2006 (2006 m#bi 42 bs A৷Bb) (Bangladesh Labour Act, 2006 (Act No. XLII of 2006)” were substituted for the words, commas, numbers and brackets “Companies Profits (Workers Participation) Act, 1968 (XII of 1968)” by section 55(c) of the Finance Act, 2014 (Act No. IV of 2014) (with effect from 1st July, 2014).

⁹⁶ Paragraph (6) was substituted by section 7 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৩ (১৯৯৩ সনের ১৮ নং আইন).

⁹⁷ The words “or pension fund” were inserted after the words “an approved superannuation fund” by section 56(a)(i) of the Finance Act, 2012 (Act No. XXVI of 2012) (with effect from 1st July, 2012).

country;

- (c) by a member of the staff of any of the officials referred to in clauses (a) and (b), as his official salary, when such member is not a citizen of Bangladesh and is either a subject of the country represented or a subject of some other Foreign State and is not engaged in any business or profession or employment in Bangladesh otherwise than as a member of such staff, and the country represented has made corresponding provisions for similar exemptions in the case of members of the staff of the corresponding officials of the Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh in that country.

⁹⁸[8. Any pension due to, or received by an assessee from the Government or an approved pension fund.]

9. [Omitted by section 70 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০২ (২০০২ সনের ১৪ নং আইন).]

10. [Omitted by section 8 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯০ (১৯৯০ সনের ৪৫ নং আইন).]

11. [Omitted by section 7 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯১ (১৯৯১ সনের ২১ নং আইন).]

⁹⁹[(11A) Any sum or aggregate of sum received as dividend by a person being an individual from a company or companies listed to any stock exchange in Bangladesh up to taka fifty thousand.]

¹⁰⁰[***]

14. Any income chargeable under the head "Income from property",-

- (a) in respect of a building the erection of which is begun and completed at any time between the first day of July, 1975 and the thirtieth day of June, 1980 (both days inclusive), and the building is intended to be, and is

⁹⁸ Paragraph 8 was substituted by section 51(a) of অর্থ আইন, ২০২০ (২০২০ সনের ৯ নং আইন)।

⁹⁹ Paragraph 11A was substituted by section 50(a)(ii) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৯ (২০১৯ সনের ১০ নং আইন).

¹⁰⁰ Paragraph 12, paragraph 13 were omitted by section 58(b) of the Finance Act, 2011 (Act No. XII of 2011) .

actually, used for residential purposes only, for a period of five years from the date of such completion, subject to the following limits, namely,-

- (i) in a case where the annual value of such building does not exceed eight thousand and four hundred taka, ... the whole of such value;
- (ii) in a case where the annual value of such building exceeds eight thousand and four hundred taka, ... eight thousand and four hundred taka:

Provided that where an assessee claims exemption in respect of more than one such building, the exemption under this clause shall be restricted to such portion of the aggregate annual value of such building as does not exceed eight thousand and four hundred taka;

- (b) in respect of a building the erection of which is begun and completed at any time between the first day of July, 1980 and the thirtieth day of June, 1985 (both days inclusive), and the building is intended to be and is actually, used for residential purposes only, for a period of five years from the date of such completion, subject to the following limits, namely,-

- (i) in a case where the annual value of such building does not exceed fifteen thousand taka, ... the whole of such value;
- (ii) in a case where the annual value of such building exceeds, ... fifteen thousands taka:

Provided that where an assessee claims exemption in respect of more than one such building, the exemption under this clause shall be restricted to such portion of the aggregate annual value of such building as does not exceed fifteen thousand taka;

- (c) in respect of a building the erection of which is begun and completed at any time between the first day of July, 1975 and the thirtieth day of June, 1980 (both days inclusive), and which is intended to be and is actually, used for residential purposes only, for a period of five years from the date of such completion, subject to the condition that the plinth area of the building is not more

than two thousand square feet. The exemption under this clause shall also apply in the case of housing companies, societies and estates where the construction comprises bungalows, flats, apartments or units (hereinafter

referred to as *units*) each containing plinth area of not more than two thousand square feet provided the construction comprises not less than twenty-five units;

- (d) in respect of a building the erection of which is begun and completed at any time between the first day of July, 1980 and the thirtieth day of June, 1985 (both days inclusive), and which is intended to be, and is actually, used for residential purpose only, for a period of five years from the date of such completion, subject to the condition that the plinth area of the building is not more than one thousand square feet. The exemption under this clause shall also apply in the case of housing companies, societies and estates where the construction comprises bungalows, flats, apartments or units (hereinafter referred to as *units*) each containing plinth area of not more than one thousand square feet provided the construction comprises not less than twenty-five units¹⁰¹;

- (e) in respect of building the erection of which is begun and completed at any time between the first day of July, 1985 and the thirtieth day of June, 1990 (both days inclusive), and the building is intended to be, and is actually, used for residential purposes only, for a period of five years from the date of such completion, subject to the following limits, namely:-

- (i) in a case where the annual value ... the whole of
of such building does not exceed .. such value;
fifteen thousand taka,
- (ii) in a case where the annual value ... fifteen
of such building exceeds fifteen .. thousand
thousand taka, taka:

Provided that where an assessee claims exemption in respect of more than such building, the exemption under this clause shall be restricted to such portion of the aggregate annual value of such building as does not

¹⁰¹ The semi-colon (;) was substituted for the full-stop (.) and thereafter clauses (e) and (f) were added by section 8 of the Finance Ordinance, 1985 (Ordinance No. XXXII of 1985).

exceed fifteen thousand taka:

- (f) in respect of a building the erection of which is begun

and completed at any time between the first day of July, 1985 and the thirtieth day of June, 1990 (both days inclusive), and which is intended to be, and is actually, used for residential purposes only, for a period of five years from date of such completion, subject to the condition that the plinth area of the building is not more than one thousand square feet. The exemption under this clause shall also apply in the case of housing companies, societies and estates where the construction comprises bungalows, flats, apartments or units (hereinafter referred to as units) each containing plinth area of not more than one thousand square feet provided the construction comprises not less than twenty-five units¹⁰²;

- (g) in respect of a building the erection of which is begun and completed at any time between the first day of July, 1990 and the thirtieth day of June, 1995 (both days inclusive), and the building is intended to be, and is actually, used for residential purposes only, for a period of five years from the date of such completion, subject to the following limits, namely:-

- (i) in a case where the annual ... the whole of such value of such building does not exceed¹⁰³ [thirty thousand taka],
- (ii) in a case where the annual ...¹⁰⁵ [thirty thousand taka] value of such building exceeds¹⁰⁴ [thirty thousand taka],

Provided that where an assessee claims exemption in respect of more than one such building, the exemption under this clause shall be restricted to such portion of the

¹⁰² The semi-colon (;) was substituted for the full stop (.) and thereafter clause (g) was added by section 8 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯০ (১৯৯০ সনের ৪৫ নং আইন).

¹⁰³ The words “thirty thousand taka” were substituted for the words “twenty thousand taka” by section 7 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৩ (১৯৯৩ সনের ১৮ নং আইন).

¹⁰⁴ The words “thirty thousand taka” were substituted for the words “twenty thousand taka” by section 7 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৩ (১৯৯৩ সনের ১৮ নং আইন).

¹⁰⁵ The words “thirty thousand taka” were substituted for the words “twenty thousand taka” by section 7 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৩ (১৯৯৩ সনের ১৮ নং আইন).

aggregate annual value of such building as does not exceed
¹⁰⁶[thirty thousand taka.]

¹⁰⁷[* * *]

15. [Omitted by section 39 of the Finance Act, 2009 (Act No. X of 2009) (with effect from 1st July 2008).]

16. [Omitted by section 39 of the Finance Act, 2009 (Act No. X of 2009) (with effect from 1st July 2008).]

17. [Omitted by section 39 of the Finance Act, 2009 (Act No. X of 2009) (with effect from 1st July 2008).]

18. Any income received by an assessee in respect of any share of income out of the capital gains on which tax has been paid by the firm of which the assessee is a partner.

19. Any sum received by an assessee as a member of a Hindu undivided family where such sum has been paid out of the income of the family.

¹⁰⁸**20.** Any income up to taka two crore fifty lakh received by an assessee as gratuity from the Government or an approved gratuity fund.]

21. Any payment from-

(a) a provident fund to which the Provident Fund Act, 1925 (XIX of 1925), applies; or

(b) a recognised provident fund, subject to any such conditions and limits as may be prescribed; or

(c) an approved superannuation fund, subject to any such conditions and limits as may be prescribed; or

¹⁰⁹(d) a workers participation fund established under বাংলাদেশ শ্রম আইন, ২০০৬ (২০০৬ সনের ৪২ নং আইন) to any person not

¹⁰⁶ The words “thirty thousand taka” were substituted for the words “twenty thousand taka” by section 7 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৩ (১৯৯৩ সনের ১৮ নং আইন).

¹⁰⁷ Sub-paragraph (h) was omitted by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৯ (১৯৯৯ সনের ১৬ নং আইন).

¹⁰⁸ Paragraph 20 was substituted by section 51(b) of অর্থ আইন, ২০২০ (২০২০ সনের ৯ নং আইন)।

exceeding fifty thousand taka, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force regarding tax exemption of such payment;]

22. [Omitted by section 34 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০৫ (২০০৫ সনের ১৬ নং আইন).]

¹¹⁰**22A.** Income from ¹¹¹[***] a mutual fund or a unit fund up to taka twenty five thousand.]

¹¹²**24.** Any interest classifiable under the head “Interest on securities” receivable by an assessee on any security of the Government, which is issued with the condition that interest thereon shall not be liable to tax.

¹¹³**24A.** Any income received by an assessee from Wage earners development bond, US dollar premium bond, US dollar investment bond, Euro premium bond, Euro investment bond, Pound sterling investment bond or Pound sterling premium bond.¹

25. Any sum representing interest credited on the accumulated balance of an employee in a recognised provident fund, in so far as it does not exceed one-third of the salary of the employee for the year concerned and in so far as it is allowed at a rate not exceeding such rate as the Board may, by notification in the *official Gazette*, fix in this behalf.]

¹¹⁴**26.** Any amount received by an employee of a Government organisation, a local authority, or an autonomous or semi-autonomous body including the units or enterprises controlled by it, at the time of his voluntary retirement in accordance with any scheme approved by the Government in this behalf.]

¹⁰⁹ Sub-paragraph (d) was substituted by section 65 (a) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৬ (২০১৬ সনের ২৮ নং আইন).

¹¹⁰ Paragraph 22A was substituted by section 39 of the Finance Act,2009(Act No.X of 2009)(with effect from 1st July 2008).

¹¹¹ The words “dividend of” was omitted by section 63(d) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৫ (২০১৫ সনের ১০ নং আইন).(with effect from 1st July 2015). (with effect from 1st July 2015).

¹¹² Paragraphs (24) and (25) were substituted for former paragraph (23) by section 8 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯২ (১৯৯২ সনের ২১ নং আইন).

¹¹³ Paragraph 24A was added by section 64(e) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৫ (২০১৫ সনের ১০ নং আইন).(with effect from 1st July 2015). (with effect from 1st July 2015).

¹¹⁴ Paragraph (26) was added by section 7 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৩ (১৯৯৩ সনের ১৮ নং আইন).

¹¹⁵[27. Notwithstanding anything contained in any order or regulation for the time being in force, any income of an individual, being an indigenous hill-man of any of the hill districts of Rangamati, Bandarban and Khagrachari, which has been derived solely from economic activities undertaken within the said hill districts.

28. An amount equal to fifty *per cent* of the income of an assessee, other than a company not registered in Bangladesh, derived ¹¹⁶[from the business of export, but it shall not apply in case of an assessee, who is enjoying exemption of tax or reduction in rate of tax by any notification made under this Ordinance].

Explanation.- For the purpose of this paragraph,-

- (a) sale of locally manufactured machinery, equipments and other finished products within the country to any agency against its procurement program in foreign exchange quota; and
- (b) supply of locally manufactured raw materials and other inputs to export-oriented industry under internal back-to-back letter of credit, shall also be included in the definition of “business of export”.]

¹¹⁷[29. Any income, not exceeding ¹¹⁸[two lakh] taka], chargeable under the head “Agricultural

¹¹⁵ Paragraphs (27) and (28) were inserted by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৫ (১৯৯৫ সনের ১২ নং আইন).

¹¹⁶ The words and commas “from the business of export, but it shall not apply in case of an assessee, who is enjoying exemption of tax or reduction in rate of tax by any notification made under this Ordinance” were substituted for the words “from the business of export” by section 35 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০৩ (২০০৩ সনের ১৭ নং আইন).

¹¹⁷ Paragraph (29) was added by section 4 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৬ (১৯৯৬ সনের ১৮ নং আইন).

¹¹⁸ The words “two lakh” were substituted for the words “fifty thousand” by section 55(e) of the Finance Act, 2014(Act No.IV of 2014)(with effect from 1st July 2014).

income” of an assessee, being an individual, whose only source of income is agriculture.]

¹¹⁹[***]

31. [omitted by section 34 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০৫ (২০০৫ সনের ১৬ নং আইন).]

31A. [Omitted by section section 56 of the Finance Act, 2009 (Act No. IX of 2009) (with effect from 1st July 2007).]

¹²⁰[***]

32. [Omitted by section 70 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০২ (২০০২ সনের ১৪ নং আইন).]

¹²¹[**32A.** Any sum or aggregate of sums received as interest from pensioners' savings certificate where the total accumulated investment at the end of the relevant income year in such certificate does not exceed taka five lakh.]

¹²²[**33.** Any income derived from the following business of a person being a resident or a non-resident Bangladeshi for the period from the first day of July, 2008 to the thirtieth day of June, 2024 on the conditions that the person shall file income tax return in accordance with the provisions of section 75-

(i) Software development;

¹¹⁹ Paragraph (30) was omitted by section 58(b) of the Finance Act, 2011 (Act No. XII of 2011) .

¹²⁰ Paragraph (31B) was omitted by section 58(b) of the Finance Act, 2011 (Act No. XII of 2011) .

¹²¹ Paragraph 32A was substituted by section 65(b) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৬ (২০১৬ সনের ২৮ নং আইন).

¹²² Paragraph 33 was substituted by section 51 (a) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৭ (২০১৭ সনের ১৪ নং আইন) (With effect from 1st July 2017).

- (ii) Software or application customization;
- (iii) Nationwide Telecommunication Transmission Network (NTTN);
- (iv) Digital content development and management;
- (v) Digital animation development;
- (vi) Website development;
- (vii) Web site services;
- (viii) Web listing;
- (ix) IT process outsourcing;
- (x) Website hosting;
- (xi) Digital graphics design;
- (xii) Digital data entry and processing;
- (xiii) Digital data analytics;
- (xiv) Geographic Information Services (GIS);
- (xv) IT support and software maintenance service;
- (xvi) Software test lab services;
- (xvii) Call center service;
- (xviii) Overseas medical transcription;
- (xix) Search engine optimization services;
- (xx) Document conversion, imaging and digital archiving;
- (xxi) Robotics process outsourcing;
- (xxii) Cyber security services.
- ¹²³[(xxiii) Cloud service;
- (xxiv) System Integration;
- (xxv) e-learning platform;
- (xxvi) e-book publications;

¹²³ Items (xxiii), (xxiv), (xxv), (xxvi), (xxvii) and (xxviii) were added by section 32 (b) of অর্থ আইন, ২০২১ (২০২১ সনের ১১ নং আইন)।

- (xxvii) Mobile application development service;
and
(xxviii) IT Freelancing.]

34. Subject to the conditions made hereunder any income from fisheries, poultry, ¹²⁴[***] production of seeds, marketing of locally produced seeds, cattle farming, dairy farming, horticulture, frog farming, mushroom farming, floriculture, sericulture for the period from the first day of July, 2008 to the thirtieth day of June, 2011-

- ¹²⁵[(a) if such income exceeds taka one lakh and fifty thousand, the person shall invest an amount not less than ten percent of the said income in the purchase of bond or securities issued by the Government within six months from the end of of the income year and hold such bond or securities till maturity of such bond or securities;]
- (b) the person shall file return in accordance with the provisions of ¹²⁶[under sub-section (5) of section 75] of the Ordinance; and
- (c) no such income shall be transferred within five years from the end of the income year 127[;

Provided that income from fisheries as mentioned in this paragraph shall not apply to a company as defined in clause

¹²⁴ The words and comma “production of pelleted poultry feed,” were omitted by section 68 of the Finance Act, 2010 (Act No.XXXIII of 2010).

¹²⁵ Sub-paragraph (a) was substituted by section 55(h) of the Finance Act, 2014 (Act No. IV of 2014) (with effect from 1st July, 2014).

¹²⁶ The words, bracket and figures “under sub-section (5) of section 75” were substituted for the word, figures and brackets “section 75(2)(c)” by section 50(a)(iii) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৯ (২০১৯ সনের ১০ নং আইন).

¹²⁷ The colon was substituted for the full-stop at the end of clause (c) and thereafter a proviso was added by section 68 of the Finance Act, 2010 (Act No.XXXIII of 2010).

(20) of section (2) of this Ordinance.]

35. Any income derived from the export of handicrafts for the period from the first day of July, 2008 to the thirtieth day of June,¹²⁸[2024].

36. Any amount paid by the Government as tax on behalf of a petroleum exploration company engaged in exploration of petroleum products in Bangladesh under Production Sharing Contract (PSC) with the Government of Bangladesh.

37. Income of any private Agricultural College or private Agricultural University derived from agricultural educational activities.

¹²⁹**38.** Any income derived from any building situated in any area of Bangladesh, not less than five storied having at least ten flats, constructed at any time between the first day of July, 2009 and the thirtieth day of June, 2014 (both days inclusive), for ten years from the date of completion of construction of the building, except the buildings situated in any area of City Corporation, Cantonment Board, Tongi Upazila, Narayanganj Paurashava, Gazipur Paurashava and any Paurashava under Dhaka district.]

¹²⁸ The figure “2024” was substituted for the figure “2019” by section 50(a)(iv) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৯ (২০১৯ সনের ১০ নং আইন).

¹²⁹ Paragraph 38 was substituted by section 42 of the Finance Act,2009 (Act No.XXXVI of 2009) (with effect from 1st July 2009).

¹³⁰[39. Income derived from any Small and Medium Enterprise (SME), engaged in production of any goods, having—

- (a) an annual turnover of not more than Taka fifty lakhs; or
- (b) an annual turnover of not more than Taka 70 lakhs where the SME is owned by women:

Provided that exemption under this paragraph shall not be applicable to the assessee who fails to comply with any provision of this Ordinance.]

40. Any income derived from Zero Coupon Bond received by a person other than Bank, Insurance or any Financial Institution, subject to the following conditions:

- (a) that the Zero Coupon Bond is issued by Bank, Insurance or any Financial Institution with prior approval of Bangladesh Bank and Securities Exchange Commission.
- (b) that the Zero Coupon Bond is issued by any institution other than Bank, Insurance or any Financial Institution with prior approval of Securities Exchange Commission.]

¹³¹[* * *]

¹³²[42. Any income from poultry farming for the period from the first day of July , 2011 to the thirtieth

¹³⁰ Paragraph 39 was substituted by section 32 (c) of অর্থ আইন, ২০২১ (২০২১ সনের ১১ নং আইন)।

¹³¹ Paragraph 41 was omitted by section 68 of the Finance Act, 2010 (Act No.XXXIII of 2010).

¹³² Paragraph 42 was added by section 58(a) of the Finance Act, 2011 (Act No. XII of 2011) .

The Income-tax Ordinance, 1984

day of June, ¹³³[2015] subject to the following conditions :

- (a) if such income exceeds taka 1,50,000/- an amount not less than 10% of the said income shall be invested in the purchase of bond or securities issued by the Government within six months from the end of the income year;
- (b) the person shall file return of his income in accordance with the provisions of clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 75 of this Ordinance; and
- (c) no such income shall be transferred by way of gift or loan within five years from the end of the income year.]

¹³⁴[44. An amount of income derived from cinema hall or Cineplex which starts commercial exhibition between the first day of July, 2012 and thirtieth day of June, ¹³⁵[2024] for the period, and at the rate specified below:
if it is set-up in-

- (i) ¹³⁶[Dhaka, Mymensingh or] Chittagong divisions (excluding Rangamati, Bandarban and Khagrachari districts) for a period of five years beginning with the month of commencement of commercial exhibition:

Period of Exemption	Rate of Exemption
For the first two years (first and second year)	100% of income
For the next two years (third and fourth year)	50% of

¹³³ The number “2015” was substituted for the number “2013” by section 34(a)(iv) of the Finance Act, 2013 (Act No. XXV of 2013) (with effect from 1st July, 2013).

¹³⁴ Paragraphs 44, 45, 46 and 47 were added by section 56(a)(iv) of the Finance Act, 2012 (Act No. XXVI of 2012) (with effect from 1st July, 2012).

¹³⁵ The figure “2024” was substituted for the figure “2019” by section 50(a)(vi) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৯ (২০১৯ সনের ১০ নং আইন).

¹³⁶ The words and comma “Dhaka, Mymensingh or” were substituted for the words “Dhaka or” by section 51 (c) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৭ (২০১৭ সনের ১৪ নং আইন) (With effect from 1st July 2017).

	income
For the next one year (fifth year)	25% of income

¹³⁷[(ii) Rajshahi, Khulna, Sylhet, Rangpur and Barisal divisions and Rangamati, Bandarban and Khagrachari districts for a period of ten years beginning with the month of commencement of commercial exhibition:

Period of Exemption	Rate of Exemption
For the first three years (first, second and third year)	100% of income
For the next three years (fourth, fifth and sixth year)	50% of income
For the next four years (seventh to tenth years)	25% of income

] 45. An amount of income derived by an industrial undertaking engaged in the production of rice bran oil and commencing commercial production between the first day of July, 2012 and thirtieth day of June, ¹³⁸[2024] for the period, and at the rate specified below: if the said undertaking is set-up in-

¹³⁹[(i) ¹⁴⁰[Dhaka, Mymensingh or] Chittagong divisions (excluding city corporation area and Rangamati, Bandarban and Khagrachari

¹³⁷ Sub-paragraph (ii) was substituted by section 55(I) of the Finance Act, 2014 (Act No. IV of 2014) (with effect from 1st July, 2014).

¹³⁸ The figure “2024” was substituted for the figure “2019” by section 50(a)(vii) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৯ (২০১৯ সনের ১০ নং আইন).

¹³⁹ Sub-paragraph (i) and sub-paragraph (ii) were substituted by section 55(k) of the Finance Act, 2014 (Act No. IV of 2014) (with effect from 1st July, 2014).

¹⁴⁰ The words and comma “Dhaka, Mymensingh or” were substituted for the words “Dhaka or” by section 51 (d) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৭ (২০১৭ সনের ১৪ নং আইন) (With effect from 1st July 2017).

districts) for a period of five years beginning with the month of commencement of commercial production:

Period of Exemption	Rate of Exemption
For the first two years (first and second year)	100% of income
For the next two years (third and fourth year)	50% of income
For the next one year (fifth year)	25% of income

- (ii) Rajshahi, Khulna, Sylhet, Rangpur and Barisal divisions (excluding city corporation area) and Rangamati, Bandarban and Khagrachari districts for a period of ten years beginning with the month of commencement of commercial exhibition:

Period of Exemption	Rate of Exemption
For the first three years (first, second and third year)	100% of income
For the next three years (fourth, fifth and sixth year)	50% of income
For the next four years (seventh to tenth year)	25% of income

46. An amount equal to fifty percent of the income of an assessee derived from the production of corn/maize or sugar beet;
47. Income of an assessee donated in an income year to any fund established by or under the provisions of প্রধানমন্ত্রীর শিক্ষা সহায়তা ট্রাস্ট আইন, ২০১২ (২০১২ সনের ১৫ নং আইন)

(Trust of Prime Minister's Education Assistance Act, 2012) (Act No. 15 of 2012) subject to a maximum of-

- (a) twenty percent (20%) of income of a company or taka eight crore, whichever is less;
- (b) twenty percent (20%) of income of an assessee other than a company or one crore taka , whichever is less;]

¹⁴¹[48. Any income earned in abroad by an individual assessee being a Bangladeshi citizen and brought any such income into Bangladesh as per existing laws applicable in respect of foreign remittance.

49. Income of an assessee donated in an income year by a crossed cheque ¹⁴²[or bank transfer] to any girls' school or girls' college approved by the Ministry of Education of the government.

50. Income of an assessee donated in an income year by a crossed cheque ¹⁴³[or bank transfer] to any Technical and Vocational Training Institute approved by the Ministry of Education of the government.

51. Income of an assessee donated in an income year by a crossed cheque ¹⁴⁴[or bank transfer] to any national level institution engaged in the Research &

¹⁴¹ Paragraphs 48, 49, 50, 51 and 52 were added by section 55(L) of the Finance Act, 2014 (Act No. IV of 2014) (with effect from 1st July, 2014).

¹⁴² The words “or bank transfer” were inserted after the words “crossed cheque” by section 64(h) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৫ (২০১৫ সনের ১০ নং আইন).(with effect from 1st July 2015). (with effect from 1st July 2015).

¹⁴³ The words “or bank transfer” were inserted after the words “crossed cheque” by section 64(i) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৫ (২০১৫ সনের ১০ নং আইন).(with effect from 1st July 2015). (with effect from 1st July 2015).

¹⁴⁴ The words “or bank transfer” were inserted after the words “crossed cheque” by section 64(j) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৫ (২০১৫ সনের ১০ নং আইন).(with effect from 1st July 2015). (with effect from 1st July 2015).

Development (R&D) of agriculture, science, technology and industrial development.

¹⁴⁵[52. Any income, not being interest or dividend classifiable under the head “Income from other sources”, received by any educational institution, if it –

- (i) is enlisted for Monthly Pay Order (MPO) of the Government;
- (ii) follows the curriculum approved by the Government;
- (iii) is governed by a body formed as per Government rules or regulations.

53. Any income, not being interest or dividend classifiable under the head “Income from other sources”, received by any public university or any professional institute established under any law and run by professional body of Chartered Accountants or Cost and Management Accountants or Chartered Secretaries.]

¹⁴⁶[¹⁴⁷[54. Any income earned by an alternative investment fund recognized by the Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission.]

55. Any income of the Bangladesh Securities and

¹⁴⁵ Paragraphs 52 and 53 were added by section 64(k) of [অর্থ আইন, ২০১৫](#) (২০১৫ সনের ১০ নং আইন).(with effect from 1st July 2015). (with effect from 1st July 2015).

¹⁴⁶ Paragraphs 54, 55, 56, 57 and 58 were added by section 51 (e) of [অর্থ আইন, ২০১৭](#) (২০১৭ সনের ১৪ নং আইন) (With effect from 1st July 2017).

¹⁴⁷ Paragraph 54 was substituted by section 51(c) of [অর্থ আইন, ২০২০](#) (২০২০ সনের ৯ নং আইন) (With effect from 1st July 2020).

Exchange Commission for the Assessment Years starting from the first day of July, 2017 to the thirtieth day of June, 2022.

56. Any amount in the nature of an honorarium or allowance from বাংলাদেশ মুক্তিযোদ্ধা কল্যাণ ট্রাস্ট or any welfare allowance received by any person from the Government.
57. Any reward received by any person from the Government.
- ¹⁴⁸[58. Any income derived from the operation of an elderly care home or a day care home for children.
59. Any income ¹⁴⁹[***] of an educational or training institution runs exclusively for persons with disability.
60. Any distribution of taxed dividend to a company ¹⁵⁰[***] if the company distributing such taxed dividend has maintained separate account for the taxed dividend.”]

¹⁴⁸ The paragraph 58, 59 and 60 were substituted for the paragraph 58 by section 44 of ২০১৮ (২০১৮ সনের ২২ নং আইন) (With effect from 1st July 2018).

¹⁴⁹ The words “derived from the operation” were omitted by section 50(a)(viii) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৯ (২০১৯ সনের ১০ নং আইন).

¹⁵⁰ The words “being resident in Bangladesh” were omitted by section 50(a)(ix) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৯ (২০১৯ সনের ১০ নং আইন).

PART B

**EXEMPTIONS AND ALLOWANCES 151[FOR ASSESSEES
BEING RESIDENT AND NON-RESIDENT BANGLADESHI]**

[See section 44(2)]

1. Any sum paid by an assessee, being an individual, to effect an insurance, or a contract for deferred annuity, on the life of the assessee or on the life of a wife or husband or a minor child of the assessee, subject to the limit of such payment, in the case of insurance, to ten *per cent* of the actual sum assured(excluding bonus or other benefits).

2. Any sum paid by an assessee, being a Hindu undivided family, to effect an insurance on the life of any male member of the family or the wife of any such member:

Provided that no exemption under this paragraph or paragraph 1 shall be allowed unless the premium and the proceeds of the life insurance policy or the contract for deferred annuity, as the case may be, are both payable in Bangladesh.

3. Any sum deducted from salary payable by or on behalf of the Government to any individual, being a sum deducted in accordance with the conditions of his service for the purpose of securing to him a deferred annuity or of making provisions for his wife or children, provided that the sum so deducted shall not exceed one-fifth of the salary.

4. Any sum paid by the assessee as a contribution to any provident fund to which the Provident Funds Act,1925(XIX of 1925), applies.

5. Any sum representing the assessee's and the employer's contribution to a recognised provident fund in which the assessee is a participant subject to the limits laid down in Part B

¹⁵¹ The words “FOR ASSESSEES BEING RESIDENT AND NON-RESIDENT BANGLADESHI” were substituted for the words “FOR ASSESSEES BEING RESIDENT” by section 56 of the Finance Act, 2009 (Act No.IX of 2009)(with effect from 1st July 2007).

of the First Schedule.

6. Any sum paid by the assessee as ordinary annual contribution to approved superannuation fund in which the assessee is a participant.

7. [Omitted by section 8 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯২ (১৯৯২ সনের ২১ নং আইন).]

¹⁵²[***]

¹⁵² Paragraph (8) and Paragraph (9) were omitted by section 58(b) of the Finance Act, 2011 (Act No. XII of 2011) .

10. (1) Subject to the maximum laid down in sub-paragraph (2), any sum invested by an assessee, not being a company, in the purchase of the following, namely:-

- (a) such savings certificates or instruments as the Board may specify in this behalf ¹⁵³[* * *];
- (b) unit certificates ¹⁵⁴[and mutual fund certificate] issued by ¹⁵⁵[any financial institution or] the ¹⁵⁶[Investment Corporation of Bangladesh and its subsidiaries];
- (c) such Government securities (including Development loans or Bonds) as the Board may specify in this behalf; and
- (d) shares of such investment companies as the Board may specify in this behalf.

¹⁵³ The words, the comma and the figure “and as are purchased not later than the thirtieth day of June, 1994” were omitted by section 5 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৭ (১৯৯৭ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

¹⁵⁴ The words “and mutual fund certificate” were inserted by section of the Finance Act, 1985 (Act No. XXXII of 1985).

¹⁵⁵ The words “any financial institution or” were inserted after the words “certificates issued by” by section 34(b) of the Finance Act, 2013 (Act No. XXV of 2013) (with effect from 1st July, 2013).

¹⁵⁶ The words “Investment Corporation of Bangladesh and its subsidiaries” were substituted for the words “Investment Corporation of Bangladesh” by section 42 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০৪ (২০০৪ সনের ১৬ নং আইন).

Explanation.-For the purpose of clause (d), “investment companies” means companies engaged principally or wholly in buying and selling securities of other companies and includes a company eighty *per cent* of whose paid up capital is employed at any one time as investment in other companies, but does not include a bank or an insurance company or a corporation which is a member of a Stock Exchange.

¹⁵⁷[(2) Where any certificate, security or share (herein referred as “the certificate”) to which clause (a), (b), (c) and (d) of sub-paragraph (1) apply and in respect of which any credit in tax has been allowed to the assessee is disposed of by sale, transfer or in any other manner within five years from the date of its purchase or before the maturity thereof, as the case may be, then, notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, the amount of tax payable by the assessee under the other provisions of this Ordinance in respect of the income year in which such certificate was so disposed of, shall be increased by an amount equal to the credit in tax allowed to the assessee in respect of such certificate (hereinafter referred to as the “said amount”) and the sum so arrived at or where no tax is payable by the assessee under the other provisions of this Ordinance in respect of that income year, the said amount shall be deemed to be the tax payable in respect of that income year and other provisions of this Ordinance shall, so far as may be, apply accordingly.]

¹⁵⁸[11. An amount not exceeding taka sixty thousand by an individual in any deposit pension scheme sponsored by a scheduled bank ¹⁵⁹[or a financial institution].].

¹⁶⁰[11A. Any sum paid as donation by an assessee to a charitable hospital which is established out side the city corporation area ¹⁶¹[one year] before such payment and is approved by the Board for this purpose.

¹⁵⁷ Sub-paragraph (2) was substituted by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৮ (১৯৯৮ সনের ১৪ নং আইন).

¹⁵⁸ Paragraphs (11) was substituted by section 58(b) of the Finance Act, 2011 (Act No. XII of 2011) .

¹⁵⁹ The words “or a financial institution” were added after the words “schedule bank” by section 56(b)(i) of the Finance Act, 2012 (Act No. XXVI of 2012) (with effect from 1st July, 2012).

¹⁶⁰ Paragraphs (11A) and (11B) were inserted by section 83 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০০ (২০০০ সনের ১৫ নং আইন).

¹⁶¹ The words “one year” were substituted for the words “three years” by section 70 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০২ (২০০২ সনের ১৪ নং আইন).

11B. Any sum paid as donation by an assessee to an organisation set up for the welfare of retarded people, established at least ¹⁶²[one year] before such payment and is approved by the Social Welfare Department and by the Board for this purpose.]

12. [Omitted by section 6 of (1A) was omitted by section 5 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯২ (১৯৯২ সনের ২১ নং আইন).]

13. Any sum paid by an assessee as *Zakat* to the *Zakat* Fund or as donation or contribution to the Charitable Fund established by or under the *Zakat* Fund Ordinance, 1982 (VI of 1982).

14. [Omitted by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯২ (১৯৯২ সনের ২১ নং আইন).]

15. Any sum which the assessee is entitled to receive out of the income of an association of persons (other than a Hindu undivided family, company or a firm) on which tax has already been paid by the association:

Provided that where there is included in the total income of an assessee any income exempted under this paragraph, the tax payable by the assessee shall be an amount bearing to the total amount of the tax which would have been payable on the total income had no part of it been exempted, at the same proportion as the un-exempted portion of the total income bears to the total income.

16. Any sum being the share or portion of the share of the assessee in the income of ¹⁶³[a firm] if tax of such income has already been paid by the firm:

Provided that where there is included in the total income of an assessee any income exempted under this paragraph, the tax

¹⁶² The words “one year” were substituted for the words “three years” by section 70 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০২ (২০০২ সনের ১৪ নং আইন).

¹⁶³ The words “a firm” were substituted for the words “an unregistered firm” by section 6 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৫ (১৯৯৫ সনের ১২ নং আইন).

payable by the assessee shall be an amount bearing to the total amount of the tax which would have been payable on the total income had no part of it been exempted, at the same proportion as the un-exempted portion of the total income bears to the total income.

17. Any sum paid by an assessee, in order to make provision for his wife, children or other persons dependent on him, to a benevolent fund or any premium paid under a group insurance scheme if such fund or the scheme is approved by the Board for this purpose.

18, 19, and 20 [omitted by section 8 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯২ (১৯৯২ সনের ২১ নং আইন).]

¹⁶⁴[**21.** Any sum paid by an assessee as donation to any socio-economic or cultural development institution established in Bangladesh by the Aga Khan Development Network.]

¹⁶⁵[**22.** Any sum paid by an assessee as donation to a philanthropic or educational institution which is approved by the Government for this purpose.]

¹⁶⁶[***]

¹⁶⁷[**24.** Any sum paid by an assessee as donation to a national level institution set up in memory of the liberation war.

25. Any sum paid by an assessee as donation to a national level institution set up in memory of Father of the Nation.

¹⁶⁸[***]

27. Any sum invested by an assessee, being an individual,

¹⁶⁴ Paragraph (21) was added by section 7 of অর্থ আইন, ১৯৯৩ (১৯৯৩ সনের ১৮ নং আইন).

¹⁶⁵ Paragraph (22) was inserted by section 34 of অর্থ আইন, ২০০৫ (২০০৫ সনের ১৬ নং আইন).

¹⁶⁶ Paragraph 23 was omitted by section 50(b) of অর্থ আইন, ২০১৯ (২০১৯ সনের ১০ নং আইন).

¹⁶⁷ Paragraphs 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28 were added by section 58(b) of the Finance Act, 2011 (Act No. XII of 2011).

¹⁶⁸ Paragraph 26 was omitted by section 56(b)(ii) of the Finance Act, 2012 (Act No. XXVI of 2012) (with effect from 1st July, 2012).

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in the acquisition, through Initial Public Offering, of any stocks of shares of a company, mutual fund or debenture listed with any stock exchange.

28. Any sum invested by an assessee, being an individual, in the purchase of Bangladesh Government Treasury Bond.]

THE SEVENTH SCHEDULE

COMPUTATION OF RELIEF FROM INCOME TAX BY WAY OF CREDIT IN RESPECT OF FOREIGN TAX

[See section 144(4)]

1. (1) In this Schedule,-

Definitions

- (a) "Bangladesh tax" means income tax charged in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) "foreign tax" means, in relation to any country an agreement with the Government of which has effect by virtue of section 144 of this Ordinance, any tax chargeable under the laws of that country for which credit may be allowed under the agreement;

(c) “foreign income tax” means any foreign tax which corresponds to income tax.

(2) Where, an agreement having effect by virtue of the said section 144, provides for any tax chargeable under the laws of the country concerned being treated as income tax, that tax shall be treated as foreign tax or foreign tax other than foreign income tax, as the case may be.

(3) Any reference in this Schedule to foreign tax or foreign income tax shall be construed, in relation to credit to be allowed under any agreement, as a reference only to tax chargeable under the laws of the country with the Government of which the agreement was made.

Credit against
Bangladesh tax

2. Subject to the provisions of this Schedule, where, under an agreement concluded under section 144, credit is to be allowed against Bangladesh tax chargeable in respect of any income, the amount of the Bangladesh taxes so chargeable shall, subject to the provisions of the said agreement, be reduced by the amount of the credit.

Credit
admissible to
residents

3. Credit shall not be allowed against income tax for any year of assessment unless the persons in respect of whose income the tax is chargeable is resident for the period on the basis of which income is assessed.

Computation of
credit

4. The amount of the credit to be allowed for foreign tax against Bangladesh tax in respect of any income shall not exceed the amount which would be arrived at by applying the average rate of such tax to the double taxed income.

Effect on
computation of
income on
allowance of
credit

5. (1) Where the income includes a dividend and, under the agreement, foreign tax, whether chargeable directly or by deduction in respect of the dividend or not, is to be taken into account in considering whether any, and if so, how much, credit is to be allowed against the Bangladesh tax in respect of the dividend, the amount of the income shall be treated as increased by the amount of the foreign tax appropriate to the dividend which falls to be taken into account in computing the amount of the credit.

(2) Where the amount of the income is to be treated as increased under sub-paragraph (1), the foreign tax not chargeable directly or by deduction which is to be taken into account, shall be so much be that borne by the body corporate paying the dividend upon the profits for the period for which the dividend is paid, or, if the dividend is not paid for a specified period, the profits of the last period for which accounts of the body corporate were made up which ended before the dividend became payable.

Explanation.-In this sub-paragraph “paid” means paid, credited or distributed or deemed to have been paid, credited or distributed.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in the preceding provisions of this paragraph and in section 30, where part of the foreign tax in respect of the income cannot be allowed as a credit against the Bangladesh tax, the amount of the income shall be treated for the purposes of income tax as reduced by that part of that foreign tax.

(4) Where the income tax payable depends on the amount received in Bangladesh the said amount shall be treated as increased by the amount of the credit allowable against income tax.

(5) In computing the total income of a person for the purpose of determining the rate mentioned in paragraph 4, sub-paragraphs (1) and (3) of this paragraph shall not apply, and for the reference in sub-paragraph (4) of this paragraph, to the amount of the credit allowance against income tax, there shall be substituted a reference to the amount of the foreign tax in respect of the income.

6. (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (2), any claim for an allowance by way of credit for foreign tax in respect of any income shall be made to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes of the district in which the claimant is chargeable to income tax not later than two years from the end of the year of assessment for which that income falls to be charged to Bangladesh tax or would fall so to be charged if any such tax were chargeable in respect thereof.

Limitation for
claim

(2) Where, the amount of any credit given under the agreement is rendered excessive or insufficient by reason of any adjustment of the amount of any tax payable either in Bangladesh or under the laws of any other country, nothing in the Ordinance limiting the time for the making of assessment or claims for refund shall apply to any assessment or claim to which the adjustment gives rise, being an assessment or claim made not later than two years from the time when all such assessment, adjustments and other determinations have been made whether in Bangladesh or elsewhere, as are material in determining whether any, and if so, how much, credit falls to be given.

Appeal

7. A person claiming an allowance by way of credit for foreign tax may appeal to the Appellate Joint Commissioner against any order of the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes disallowing the claim either wholly or in part, within thirty days of the date on which the order of the Deputy Commissioner of Taxes was communicated to the claimant, and the provisions of Chapter XIX of the Ordinance shall, with the necessary modifications, apply accordingly.

Provisions as to the deduction of tax at source

8. (1) The provisions of this paragraph shall have effect where an agreement having effect under section 144 of the Ordinance provides for the exemption from Bangladesh tax of any class of income arising to persons resident in the country with the Government of which the agreement is made, being income from which deduction of tax is required to be made under the Ordinance.

(2) Any person who pays income of any such class (referred to in this paragraph as "*the Bangladesh payer*") to a person in the said country who is beneficially entitled to the income (such person being referred to in this paragraph as "*the non-resident*") may be required, by notice given by or under the direction of the Board, to pay any such income to the non-resident without deduction of tax, and where such notice is given, any income from any source specified in the notice, being income for a year for which the agreement has effect, which the Bangladesh payer, the date on which the notice was communicated, pays to the non-resident whose name is specified therein, shall, subject to the following provisions of this paragraph, be paid without deduction of tax.

(3) Any notice given under sub-paragraph (2) may be expressed to become ineffective if certain specified events happen or, whether so expressed or not, may be cancelled by a notice of cancellation given by or under the direction of the Board, and if, to the knowledge of the Bangladesh payer, any of those events happens or if such notice of cancellation is given, any payment made to the non-resident by the Bangladesh payer after the happening of that event becomes known to the Bangladesh payer, or after the date on which that notice was communicated to the Bangladesh payer, as the case may be, shall be subject to deduction of tax in accordance with the Ordinance.

(4) If it is discovered, after a notice has been given under sub-paragraph (2) that the non-resident is not entitled to exemption from tax in respect of income from any source specified in the notice, any tax which, but for the notice, would have been deductible from any payment made to the non-resident by the Bangladesh payer but by virtue of the notice has not been so deducted shall, if a deduction to that effect is given by or under the direction of the Board, be deducted by the Bangladesh payer out of so much of the first payment made to the non-resident after the date on which the direction was communicated to the Bangladesh payer as remains after the deduction of any tax deductible therefrom under the Ordinance, and any balance which cannot be deducted out of the first such payment shall be deducted, subject to the same limitation, out of the next such payment, and so on, until the whole of the tax (the amount of which shall be specified in the direction) has been deducted.

(5) Any tax which the Bangladesh payer is required to deduct under sub-paragraph (4) shall be paid to the Government and the provisions of Chapter VII of the Ordinance relating to deduction of tax at source shall, with necessary modifications, apply accordingly.

(6) A notice may be given under sub-paragraph (2) where income is paid to a person authorised to receive such income on behalf of a non-resident, and in such a case, the reference in this paragraph to payment to the non-resident shall be treated as including references to payment to that person.

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¹⁶⁹ [***]

¹⁶⁹ The "EIGHTH SCHEDULE" was omitted by section 58(b) of the Finance Act, 2011 (Act No. XII of 2011) .